1 2 3 4	Bashir Ghazialam, Esq. (SBN 212724) LAW OFFICES OF BASHIR GHAZIALAM P.O. Box 928167 San Diego, CA 92192 Phone: (619) 795-3370 Fax: (866) 685-4543	ELECTRONICALLY FILED Superior Court of California, County of San Diego 07/22/2014 at 01:37:51 PM Clerk of the Superior Court By Melissa Reyes,Deputy Clerk
5	Attorney for Plaintiff: FARID MASHIRI	
6	TAKID MASHIKI	
7 8		HE STATE OF CALIFORNIA DIEGO, CENTRAL DIVISION
9	FARID MASHIRI)	Case No. 37-2014-00024387-CU-PO-CTL
10	Plaintiff,	
11	vs.	COMPLAINT)FOR: 1. VIOLATION OF THE RFDCPA; and
12) KAISER FOUNDATION HEALTH)	2. VIOLATION OF THE UCL
13	PLAN, INC. and DOES 1 through 25	
14	Defendants.	
15		v
16 17	Plaintiff FARID MASHIRI alleges as follo	ws:
18	INTR	I. ODUCTION
19	Plaintiff, FARID MASHIRI (herein	after referred to as "Plaintiff"), brings this
20	lawsuit against Defendant KAISER FOUNDA	TION HEALTH PLAN, INC. (hereinafter
21 22	"KAISER"), for violations of the Rosenthal Fa	ir Debt Collections Practice Act ("RFDCPA") and
23	California Business and Profession Code section	on 17200 et seq. ("UCL"). Accordingly,
24	PLAINTIFF brings this action to enjoin prelim	inary and permanently Defendant's unlawful
25	business practice and seek consumer restitution	n, civil penalties, statutory damages, attorneys'
26	fees and costs, and other equitable relief the Co	ourt deems appropriate.
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II. PARTIES

- 2. Plaintiff is, and at all times mentioned herein was, an individual, residing in the County of San Diego, State of California.
- 3. Plaintiff is a consumer as defined by 15 U.S.C. section 1692a(3). Furthermore, PLAINTIFF is a debtor as that term is defined by California Civil Code §1788.2(h).
- 4. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereupon alleges, that Defendant KAISER is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a corporation, who was conducting and engaging in business in the County of San Diego, California.
- 5. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereupon alleges, that Defendant KAISER is a debt collector who regularly collects or attempts to collect, directly or indirectly, debts owed or due or asserted to be owed or due. KAISER is a debt collector as defined under California law.
- 6. Plaintiff is ignorant of the true names and capacities of those Defendants sued herein as DOES 1 through 25, and therefore sues those Defendants by such fictitious names. PLAINTIFF will amend this complaint to allege their true names and capacities when such names and responsibilities are ascertained. Plaintiff is informed and believes and on that basis alleges that each of the fictitiously named Defendants is responsible in some manner for the occurrences alleged in this complaint, and that Plaintiff's claims alleged in this complaint were proximately caused by such Defendants.
- 7. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereupon alleges that at all tunes herein mentioned each of the Defendants was the agent, servant, employee, or partner of each of the remaining defendants and, in committing the acts and omissions hereinafter alleged, was acting

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within the course and scope of such agency, employment, partnership, or other business relationship, and were each responsible for the acts and omissions alleged in this complaint.

III. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 8. Jurisdiction of this Court arises under California Code of Civil Procedure 410.10 *et. seg.* This Court also has jurisdiction under 15 U.S.C. section 1692k(d).
- 9. All of the actions and/or omissions of Defendants, as hereinafter alleged and giving rise to this lawsuit, occurred/or the contract was to be performed, within this judicial district.

 Therefore, this is the proper court for trial in this action.

IV. RELEVANT FACTS

- 10. On February 18, 2013, Plaintiff filed a lawsuit against KAISER, COLLECTION CONSULTANTS OF CALIFORNIA, and LEE BYRD for violations of state and federal unfair debt collection laws. This lawsuit is currently ongoing.
- 11. KAISER knew that Plaintiff was represented by an attorney, but continued to communicate with Plaintiff in an attempt to collect a debt. KAISER sent out a written demand for payment on July 23, 2013 and again a demand for payment on August 24, 2013. These facts occurred after Plaintiff's first lawsuit was filed, and therefore, a Plaintiff may bring a second lawsuit based on events that occurred after the filing of a complaint in the first lawsuit. (Adams v. California Dept. of Health Services (9th Cir. 2007) 487 F.3d 684, 693.)
- 12. Plaintiff alleges that as "Debt Collectors," Defendants are fully aware of California's debt collection laws, including the RFDCPA and FDCPA, and further knew each of their harassing communications were subject to Title 1.6C (RFDCPA) of the California Civil Code and 15 U.S.C. section 1692 (FDCPA).

- 13. Plaintiff alleges that Defendants knew each of their harassing communications were willful and knowing violations of Title 1.6C (RFDCPA) of the California Civil Code and 15 U.S.C. section 1692 (FDCPA).
- 14. Plaintiff alleges that Defendants' harassing communications are part of an overall unlawful business pattern and practice whereby they have knowingly, willfully, and intentionally enterprised a profitable scheme through illegal collection activity.
- 15. Defendants are rarely, if ever, sued over such harassing communications, since very few debtors are aware that their rights are being violated and/or very few attorneys are willing to take on such cases. As such, Defendants are highly motivated to continue their harassing communications since any claims paid out as a result of such wrongful conduct are minuscule when compared to the overall profit generated from such illegal acts.
- 16. As a direct and proximate cause of Defendants' harassing communications, PLAINTIFF, who has cancer, has incurred actual damages consisting of mental and emotional distress, nervousness, grief, embarrassment, loss of sleep, anxiety, worry, mortification, shock, humiliation, indignity, pain and suffering, and other injuries.
- 17. Plaintiff incurred out of pocket monetary damages for attorneys' fees and costs incurred for services provided to protect Plaintiff under the RFDCPA and FDCPA.
- Raintiff incurred additional incidental actual damages including, but not limited to, transportation and gasoline costs to the law firm, telephone call charges, copies, postage, and other damages.
- 19. Defendants' harassing acts and violations of both federal and California law were so willful, vexatious, outrageous, oppressive, and maliciously calculated enough, so as to warrant statutory penalties and punitive damages as permitted by law.

1	FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION
2	(Violations of the RFDCPA against KAISER and Does 1 through 25)
3	20. PLAINTIFF re-alleges paragraphs 1 through 19, above, as if fully set forth herein.
4	21. Any violation of the FDCPA is a violation of California Civil Code section 1788.17.
5	Stated differently, Civil Code section 1788.17 incorporates the FDCPA.
6	22. KAISER violated Civil Code section 1788.17 because it violated 15 U.S.C. section
7 8	1692c(a)(2) which states in part the following:
9	Without the prior consent of the consumer given directly to the debt collector or the
10	express permission of a court of competent jurisdiction, a debt collector may not communicate with a consumer in connection with the collection of any debt -
11	(2) if the debt collector knows the consumer is represented by an attorney with
12	respect to such debt and has knowledge of or can readily ascertain, such attorney's name and address, unless the attorney fails to respond within a
13	reasonable period of time to a communication from the debt collector or unless the attorney consents to direct communication with the consumer;
14	23. Defendant KAISER violated 15 U.S.C. section 1692c(a)(2) because it contacted
15	PLAINTIFF in writing on July 23, 2013 and on August 24, 2013, in an attempt to collect a debt,
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17 18	knowing that Plaintiff was represented by an attorney regarding such debt.
19	24. Because Defendant KAISER violated 15 U.S.C. section 1692c(a)(2) it violated Civil
20	Code section 1788 17
21	25. The forgoing act(s) by Defendants were willful, knowing, intentional, persistent,
22	frequent, and devious violations of the RFDCPA are sole and separate violations under
23	California Civil Code section 1788.30(b), and trigger additional \$1,000.00 penalties for each
24	violation against each defendant.
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- 26. PLAINTIFF has suffered harm resulting from Defendants' actions, as heretofore alleged, including but not limited to worry, emotional distress, anxiety, humiliation, and out-of-pocket expenses to be proven at trial.
- 27. Plaintiff has incurred reasonable and necessary costs and attorneys' fees in the preparation and prosecution of this action and seek reimbursement of his attorneys' fees and costs pursuant California Civil Code sections 1788.30(c).

III. SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violations of Business and Professions Code Section 17200 et segangainst all Defendants on behalf of Plaintiff and the General Public)

- 28. Plaintiff re-alleges paragraphs 1 through 27, above, as if fully set forth herein.
- 29. California Business and Professions Code section 17200 et seq. prohibits unfair, unlawful, and fraudulent business practices.
- 30. Defendants have engaged in unfair competition as defined by the Business and Professions Code section 17200, et seq.
- 31. Defendants' acts and practices as alleged herein are unfair because the utility of the conduct is outweighed by the gravity of the harm it causes. Further, Defendants' conduct is unfair because it offends established public policy or is immoral, unethical, oppressive, unscrupulous, and substantially injurious to consumers. Moreover, as detailed above and below, Defendants' conduct violates consumer protection laws, specifically the FDCPA and RFDCPA, violates the spirits of the statutes, and otherwise significantly threatens or harms consumers. Defendants' conduct has caused substantial injury, which was not reasonably avoidable by PLAINTIFF and is not outweighed by countervailing benefits to consumers or to competition.
- 32. Defendants actions constitute unlawful competition because they violated the FDCPA and RFDCPA as described in more detail above.

1	33. Plaintiff has suffered injury in fact and monetary damages as a direct and proximate		
2	result of Defendants' actions.		
3	34. Plaintiff seeks restitutionary relief pursuant to Business and Professions Code section		
4	17203.		
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6	35. Defendants are engaging, have engaged, and there is a substantial likelihood that		
7	they will continue to engage in this unlawful and unfair competition unless enjoined by this		
8	Court. As such, pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 17203, Defendants should be		
9	enjoined from unlawful and unfair business acts.		
10	X.		
П	PRAYER FOR DAMAGES AND OTHER REMEDIES		
12	1. For compensatory damages;		
13	2. For statutory damages;		
14	3. Pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 17203, that the Defendants be		
15	permanently enjoined from violating Business and Professions Code section 17203,		
16	in connection with the violations alleged in this complaint;		
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18	of the Business and Floressions Code;		
19	5. For interest according to law;		
20	6. For attorneys' fees;		
21	7. For costs of suit herein incurred;		
22	8. For other and further relief as the court deem proper.		
23	DATED: 7/18/14 LAW OFFICES OF BASHIR GHAZIALAM		
24	DATE OF PARTIES OF PAR		
25			
26	By: BASHIR GHAZIALAM, ESQ.		
27	Attorney for Plaintiff FARID MASHIRI		
28	7 COMPLAINT		
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