0000 00012 THE LAW OFFICE OF **ELLISON & ASSOCIATES APC** 2 Christopher B. Ellison (SBN: 248545) 8117 W. Manchester Blvd. Suite 158 3 SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES Playa del Rey, California 90293 Telephone: (310) 882-6239 4 Facsimile: (310) 882-6237 **nct** 162013 cellison@eaalawfirm.com 5 John A. Clarke, Executive Officer/Clerk 6 Attorneys for Plaintiff, DEON MARCELIN 7 8 9 FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES 10 CASE NO. 11 BC524767 DEON MARCELIN-JACKSON, an individual, 12 13 Plaintiff. **BREACH OF CONTRACT (Against** LIBERTY AND LLAC); 14 2. BREACH OF THE IMPLIED VS. **COVENANT OF GOOD FAITH AND** 15 FAIR DEALING (INSURANCE BAD LIBERTY MUTUAL INSURANCE FAITH) (against LIBERTY AND COMPANY; THE LIBERTY LIFE 16 ASSURANCE COMPANY OF BOSTON: LLAC); 17 KAISER PERMANENTE; ESTER KIM and 3. NEGLIGENCE; (Against KAISER DOES 1-100, Inclusive, AND KIM) 18 Defendants. 19 **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL** 20 21 22 23 24 25 **GENERAL ALLEGATIONS** 26 1. Plaintiff is an individual, resides now, and at all times relevant to this Complaint, in the County : 27 1.00 of San Bernardino, State of California. 28 COMPLAINT

- 2. Defendant LIBERTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY ("LIBERTY") is a Massachusetts corporation which operates and actually conducts business within the State of California.
- 3. Defendant THE LIBERTY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF BOSTON ("LLAC") is a Massachusetts corporation which operates and actually conducts business within the State of California.
- 4. Defendant KAISER PERMANENTE ("KAISER") is a California corporation with its principal place of business in California, and operates and actually conducts business within the State of California.
- 5. Defendant ESTHER KIM, M.D. ("KIM") is an individual employed by Defendant KAISER and works and resides within the State of California.
- 6. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges that Defendant LLAC is part of LIBERTY's group of insurers and that the claims director and/or claims examiners/adjusters that handled the subject claims were employed by LIBERTY. LIBERTY is the lead insurer in an intercompany reinsurance agreement with affiliates (the participants) which includes LLAC. Under the terms of this agreement, the participants cede, and LIBERTY assumes, 100% of the participants' business generated from underwriting operations. The cessions from the participants are combined with LIBERTY's business, resulting in the pooled balance to be allocated to each participant. LIBERTY receives dividends from LLAC. The agreement authorizes and empowers LIBERTY to (1) collect and receive all premiums, (2) adjust and pay all losses, (3) reinsure or cancel any and all policies and contracts of insurance, and (4) act as though the policies and contracts of insurance and reinsurance were issued by LIBERTY. It further provides for the complete sharing of all income and expenses of the pooled business with the exception of the investment operations, liabilities for federal income tax or other items not relating to the underwriting operations of the parties.
- 7. As a result, the conduct, acts, and omissions of LLAC were and, in reality, are the conduct, acts and omissions of LIBERTY and vice-versa.

,28

- 8. Defendants LIBERTY and LLAC are integral parts of a single operating unit, as they function together to produce income from the sales of insurance policies.
- 9. Plaintiff is further informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that at all relevant times there has existed a unity of interest and ownership between LIBERTY and LLAC such that any individuality and separateness between these entities have ceased.
- 10. LIBERTY is therefore the alter ego of LLAC and vice versa, each of which is and at all relevant times has been a mere shell, instrumentality, and conduit through which LIBERTY, carries on the business of insurance in the State of California.
- 11. Adherence to the fiction of the separate existence of LIBERTY AND LLAC, would permit an abuse of the corporate privilege, and would promote injustice by protecting LIBERTY from liability for the wrongful acts committed by it under the name of LLAC, as more fully described herein. Any references or allegations regarding or relating to LLAC, apply equally to LIBERTY.
- 12. The true names or capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate, or otherwise, of Defendants DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, are unknown to Plaintiff, who therefore sues said Defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that each of the Defendants sued herein as a DOE is legally responsible in some manner for the events and happenings referred to herein. Plaintiff will ask leave of this court to amend this Compliant to insert their true names and capacities in place and instead of the fictitious names when the same become known to Plaintiff.
- 13. At all relevant times, Defendants LIBERTY AND LLAC, and each of them, were the agents and employees of each other, and were at all times acting within the purpose and scope of said agency and employment, and each Defendant has ratified and approved the acts of his agent.
- 14. At all relevant times, Defendants KAISER AND KIM, and each of them, were the agents and employees of each other, and were at all times acting within the purpose and scope of said agency and employment, and each Defendant has ratified and approved the acts of each.

BACKGROUND FACTS

- Los Angeles (UCLA) for approximately 23 years. Plaintiff was insured by the University of California Group Disability Income policy provided by Defendants Liberty Mutual and LLAC. There are two separate policy numbers which govern this matter: GD3-860-037972-01 and GF3-860-037972-1. On October 17, 2001, Defendants Liberty and LLAC denied Plaintiff's claims for Long Term Disability benefits.
- 16. In or about July 2007 (and before), Plaintiff sustained injuries in the course of her employment with UCLA. Plaintiff's injuries included neck and spinal pain, which required several surgeries. In or about 2009, during a workmen's compensation evaluation, Plaintiff's injuries were determined to be total and permanent disability due to a degenerative disc disease of the cervical spine, myelopathy of the C5 and C6 and Plaintiff had undergone a discectomy of C5 and C6 and previously undergone hemilaminectomy.
- 17. Plaintiff was evaluated by multiple doctors regarding her injuries and total and permanent disabilities beginning in or about 2009 and continuing to the present. In or about July 2009, Plaintiff's Primary Treating Physician, Dr. Richard Emmanuel, in the Primary Treating Physician's Orthpaedic Permanent and Stationary [MMI] Evaluation, determined that "On the basis of my prior examination and findings today consider the patient's work related condition to be permanent and stationary [Maximum Medical Improvement] for rating purposes]".
- 18. From July 2009, and continuing until on or about January 2011, Plaintiff was treated and evaluated by several doctors and partook in physical therapy; however, was never taken off of permanent and total disability restrictions issued by Dr. Richard Emmanuel, Plaintiff's Primary Physician.
- 19. On January 1, 2011, Defendant Kaiser Permanente became the new medical facility for which Plaintiff was to be treated and evaluated. In February 2011, Dr. Duane Collins became Plaintiff's

new primary physician. Plaintiff was evaluated by Dr. Collins for her permanent and total disabilities.

Thereafter, Dr. Collins referred Plaintiff to Kaiser Permanente Pain management Clinic where Plaintiff was assigned to Dr. Esther Kim, who was consulted solely for pain management and medications, but whom had no role in the evaluation and restrictions regarding Plaintiff's total and permanent disabilities.

- 20. In or about June 2011, Defendant Dr. Esther Kim, reported to Dr. Gale Brown (designated by Defendants Liberty and LLAC), that Plaintiff had no major functional restrictions from her perspective and agreed with Dr. Brown that Plaintiff could resume to full time work. However, Dr. Kim is not a disability evaluator, and subsequently reported in a correspondence dated July 18, 2011, that she had no authority to make this decision or report her opinion to Dr. Brown regarding disability and work status, because "it is out of [her] scope of practice and we do not make work disability determinations here in the pain clinic." However, Defendants Liberty and LLAC relied on Defendant Dr. Kim and Kaiser Pain Management's opinion in denying Plaintiff's long term disability benefits.
- 21. On or about April 28, 2001, Plaintiff was re-evaluated by Dr. Emmanuel, Primary

 Treating Physician' Orthopedic Recyalization Post Permanent and Stationary (MMI) Evaluation, Dr.

 Emmanuel based his opinion that plaintiff was still permanently disabled per his July 7, 2009, evaluation.
- Plaintiff has complied with all state statutory requirements regarding denial of her long term disability benefits. Moreover, Plaintiff has engaged in the appeal and reconsideration process.

 Defendants Liberty and LLAC denied the appeal and reconsideration on October 17, 2011.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

BREACH OF CONTRACT

(Against Liberty and LLAC Including Does 1 Through 100, Inclusive)

- 23. Plaintiff realleges paragraphs 1 though 22 inclusive, of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
 - 24. Defendants Liberty and LLAC were paid consideration in the form of premiums for the

policies at issue in this action, which covered plaintiff for the long term disability benefits alleged herein. Plaintiff faithfully performed all obligations required to be performed under the terms of the insurance contract, except to the extent performance may have been excused by, among other things, defendant's bad faith conduct and breach of the insurance policy.

- 25. Plaintiff was insured under a valid insurance policy issued by defendants Liberty and LLAC which was in effect on the date the loss alleged herein occurred, which loss was covered under the policy.
- 26. Defendants Liberty and LLAC, and Does 1 through 100, breached the terms of the contract by failing to timely pay benefits under the contract, failing to properly investigate and adjust the claims described herein, delaying payment of policy benefits, and by forcing plaintiff to institute this litigation. Defendants' breaches of contract occurred in connection with the claim alleged in this complaint.
- As a direct, proximate and legal result of defendants' breach(es) of the contract, plaintiff has been, and continue to be, damaged in an amount in excess of the jurisdictional limits of this Court, including but not limited to: loss of timely use of benefits, consequential damages including interest on monies plaintiff could and should have received promptly, but which they did not receive in a timely fashion as a result of defendants' breach of contract, and other fees, expenses and costs to be proven at trial. Plaintiff has also sustained other economic losses as a direct, proximate and legal result of defendants' conduct, in an amount to be proven at trial.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

TORTIOUS BREACH OF IMPLIED COVENANT OF GOOD FAITH AND FAIR DEALING (Plaintiff Against Liberty and LLAC Including Does 1 Through 100, Inclusive)

28. Plaintiff realleges paragraphs 1 though 27 inclusive, of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.

- 29. The Policies were issued and entered into with Defendant Liberty and LLAC with the understanding and expectation, which was clearly understood by Defendant Liberty and LLAC, that Defendant Liberty and LLAC would act in good faith and deal fairly pursuant to the insurance contract.
- 30. Defendant Liberty and LLAC has tortuously breached its implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing arising from the insurance contract by unreasonably withholding benefits due under The Policies, by denying the claim, and by other conduct, including that set forth below, after accepting insurance premiums for The Policies.
- 31. Despite Plaintiff's repeated demands for payment for long term disability benefits pursuant to The Policies, Defendant Liberty and LLAC unreasonably denied the benefits, and engaged in unlawful insurance practices. Such bad faith conduct constitutes a continuing tort which is causing Plaintiff's continued damages.
- 32. In the absence of a reasonable basis for doing so, and with full knowledge and/or reckless disregard of the consequences, Defendant Liberty and LLAC failed to provide Plaintiff with long term disability benefits. Plaintiff is informed and believes that Defendant Liberty and LLAC denied plaintiff's claim pursuant to its bad faith pattern and practice of failing to reasonably pay the long term benefits, in an effort to force insureds to take less than the reasonable value of their claims.
- 33. Defendant Liberty and LLAC engaged and continues to engage in a pattern and practice and course of conduct to further its own economic interests and in violation of its obligations to Ms.

 Marcelin. This conduct includes, but is not limited to:
 - Unreasonably and unjustifiably denying long term disability benefits to Ms.
 Marcelin's for permanent and total disability under The Policies;
 - Unreasonably refusing payments to Ms. Marcelin in bad faith, knowing Ms.
 Marcelin's claim for benefits under The Policies to be valid, in an attempt to coerce Ms. Marcelin into accepting less than the fair value of her claim;

- Not attempting in good faith to effectuate prompt, fair and equitable settlement of
 Ms. Marcelin's claim for benefits where the obligation to pay had become
 reasonably clear;
- d. Failing to thoroughly investigate Ms. Marcelin's claim;
- e. Handling Ms. Marcelin's claim in a dilatory manner, which resulted in unnecessary delay in processing Ms. Marcelin's claim;
- f. Failing to objectively evaluate Ms. Marcelin's claim.
- g. Failing to acknowledge and act reasonably promptly upon communications with respect to the claim asserted by Ms. Marcelin arising under The Policies; and
- h. Ms. Marcelin is informed, believes and thereon alleges, that Defendant Liberty and LLAC has breached its duty of good faith and fair dealing owed to Ms. Marcelin by other acts or omissions of which Ms. Marcelin is presently unaware and which will be shown according to proof at the time of trial.
- 34. Defendant Liberty and LLAC's conduct described herein constitutes part of Defendant Liberty and LLAC's overall scheme to reduce the costs of legitimate insurance claims. Defendant Liberty and LLAC's conduct as described herein constitutes an illegal pattern and practice so pervasive as to amount to a general unfair and unlawful business practice.
- disregard of Ms. Marcelin's rights and constitutes despicable conduct, and was done with the intent to vex, injure or annoy Ms. Marcelin such as to constitute oppression, fraud or malice under Civil Code Section 3294, entitling Ms. Marcelin to punitive damages in an amount appropriate to punish or set an example of Defendant Liberty and LLAC.
- 36. Defendant Liberty and LLAC's conduct described herein was undertaken by Defendant Liberty and LLAC's officers or managing agents, identified herein as DOES 1 through 100, who were

responsible for supervision and operation, reports, communications and/or decisions. The afore-described conduct of said managing agents and individuals was therefore undertaken on behalf of Defendant Liberty and LLAC. Defendant Liberty and LLAC further had advance knowledge of the action and conduct of said individuals whose actions and conduct were ratified, authorized, and approved by managing agents whose precise identities are unknown to Ms. Marcelin at this time and are therefore identified and designated herein as DOES 1 through 100, inclusive.

- 37. As a proximate result of the aforementioned wrongful conduct of Defendant Liberty and LLAC, Ms. Marcelin has suffered, and will continue to suffer in the future, damages under The Policies, plus interest, in an amount to be shown at the time of trial.
- 38. As a direct and proximate result of the actions of Defendant Liberty and LLAC, Ms.

 Marcelin has incurred substantial damages, including but not limited to, financial hardship and attorney's fees and costs.
- As a further direct and proximate result of the conduct of Defendant Liberty and LLAC, Ms. Marcelin has been obligated to expend and incur liability for costs of suit, attorneys' fees and related expenses in an amount not yet fully ascertained, but which will be submitted at the time of trial.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

NEGLIGENCE

(Against Defendants Kaiser and Kim and DOES 1through 100, inclusive)

- 40. Plaintiff realleges paragraphs 1 though 39 inclusive, of this Complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 41. By undertaking the responsibility of providing pain management for Plaintiff, Plaintiff assumed a duty to use reasonable care to properly evaluate and report Plaintiff's treatment for her total and permanent disability.
 - 42. Plaintiff is informed, believes and thereon alleges that one of the reasons that Defendants

COMPLAINT

AS TO THE SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION:

- 3. For an award of Plaintiff's general, special, actual and compensatory damages as proven at time of trial;
 - 4. For an award of interest on that amount according to law;
 - 5. For an award of appropriate exemplary and punitive damages;
 - 6. For an award of reasonable attorney's fees;
 - 7. For an award of damages under Civil Code Section 3345;

AS TO THE THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION:

- 8. For an award of Plaintiff's general, special, actual and compensatory damages as proven at time of trial;
 - 9. For an award of interest on that amount according to law;

ELLISON & ASSOCIATES

By: Christopher B. Ellison Attorney for Plaintiff

DATED: October 16, 2013

_		_		
С	M	-0	1	į

4.		7
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar Christopher B. Ellison, Esq., SBN #248545 The Law Office of Ellsion & Associates 8117 W. Manchester Ave, #158	number, and address):	FOR COURT USE ONLY
Playa Del Rey, CA 90293 TELEPHONE NO.: (310) 882-6239	FAX NO.: (310) 882-6237	FILED SUPERIOR COURT OF CALVES
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): Deon Marcelin SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LO	os Angeles	SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
STREET ADDRESS: 111 N. Hill Street MAILING ADDRESS:		OCT 162013
CITY AND ZIP CODE: Los Abgeles, CA 900	012	John A. Clarke, taqquive Utncer/Clerk
BRANCH NAME: Central		By Cristing Haraly Deputy
CASE NAME: Marcelin v. Liberty Mutual Insurance	e Company, et. al.	Cristina Grijajva
CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET	Complex Case Designation	CASE NUMBER:
✓ Unlimited Limited	Counter Joinder	CASE NUMBER: 7 6 7
(Amount (Amount demanded is	Filed with first appearance by defendar	
exceeds \$25,000) \$25,000 or less)	(Cal. Rules of Court, rule 3.402)	OEPT:
	low must be completed (see instructions on	page 2)
Check one box below for the case type that		ovisionally Complex Civil Litigation
Auto Tort Auto (22)		al. Rules of Court, rules 3.400-3.403)
Uninsured motorist (46)	Rule 3.740 collections (09)	Antitrust/Trade regulation (03)
Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/Property	Other collections (09)	Construction defect (10)
Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort	Insurance coverage (18)	Mass tort (40)
Asbestos (04) Product liability (24)	Other contract (37)	Securities litigation (28)
Medical malpractice (45)	Real Property Eminent domain/Inverse	Environmental/Toxic tort (30)
Other PI/PD/WD (23)	condemnation (14)	insurance coverage claims arising from the above listed provisionally complex case
Non-Pl/PD/WD (Other) Tort	Wrongful eviction (33)	types (41)
Business tort/unfair business practice (0)	()	nforcement of Judgment
Civil rights (08)	Unlawful Detainer	Enforcement of judgment (20)
Defamation (13)	Residential (31) M	iscellaneous Civil Complaint
Fraud (16) Intellectual property (19)	Drugs (38)	RICO (27) Other complaint (not specified above) (42)
Professional negligence (25)	^ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	iscellaneous Civil Petition
Other non-PI/PD/WD tort (35)	Asset forfeiture (05)	Partnership and corporate governance (21)
Employment	Petition re: arbitration award (11)	Other petition (not specified above) (43)
Wrongful termination (36)	Writ of mandate (02)	
2. This case is is is is con	Other judicial review (39)	es of Court. If the case is complex, mark the
2. This case is is is is is con factors requiring exceptional judicial management.		ss of court. If the case is complex, mark the
a. Large number of separately repre	esented parties d. Large number	of witnesses
b. Extensive motion practice raising	,	ith related actions pending in one or more courts
issues that will be time-consuming		es, states, or countries, or in a federal court
c. Substantial amount of document	ary evidence f. Substantial pos	stjudgment judicial supervision
3. Remedies sought (check all that apply): a	a. monetary b. nonmonetary; de	claratory or injunctive relief c. 🔽 punitive
_4. Number of causes of action (specify): 3 5. This case is		
	ass action suit. and serve a notice of related case. (You mi	ay use form CM-015.)
Date: October 16, 2013		
Christopher B. Ellison		
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)	NOTICE	NATURE OF PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR PARTY)
The second secon	first paper filed in the action or proceeding	(except small claims cases or cases filed s of Court, rule 3.220.) Failure to file may result
ather parties to the notion or presenting	t seq. of the California Rules of Court, you i	must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all
Unless this is a collections case under ru	le 3.740 or a complex case, this cover shee	et will be used for statistical purposes only.

4

INSTRUCTIONS ON HOW TO COMPLETE THE COVER SHEET

To Plaintiffs and Others Filing First Papers. If you are filing a first paper (for example, a complaint) in a civil case, you must complete and file, along with your first paper, the Civil Case Cover Sheet contained on page 1. This information will be used to compile statistics about the types and numbers of cases filed. You must complete items 1 through 6 on the sheet. In item 1, you must check one box for the case type that best describes the case. If the case fits both a general and a more specific type of case listed in item 1, check the more specific one. If the case has multiple causes of action, check the box that best indicates the primary cause of action. To assist you in completing the sheet, examples of the cases that belong under each case type in item 1 are provided below. A cover sheet must be filed only with your initial paper. Failure to file a cover sheet with the first paper filed in a civil case may subject a party its counsel, or both to sanctions under rules 2.30 and 3.220 of the California Rules of Court.

To Parties in Rule 3.740 Collections Cases. A "collections case" under rule 3.740 is defined as an action for recovery of money owed in a sum stated to be certain that is not more than \$25,000, exclusive of interest and attorney's fees, arising from a transaction in which property, services, or money was acquired on credit. A collections case does not include an action seeking the following: (1) tort damages, (2) punitive damages, (3) recovery of real property, (4) recovery of personal property, or (5) a prejudgment writ of attachment. The identification of a case as a rule 3.740 collections case on this form means that it will be exempt from the general time-for-service requirements and case management rules, unless a defendant files a responsive pleading. A rule 3.740 collections case will be subject to the requirements for service and obtaining a judgment in rule 3.740.

To Parties in Complex Cases. In complex cases only, parties must also use the Civil Case Cover Specific designate whether the case is complex. If a plaintiff believes the case is complex under rule 3.400 of the California Rules of County must be indicated by completing the appropriate boxes in items 1 and 2. If a plaintiff designates a case as complex, the cover sheet must be served with the complaint on all parties to the action. A defendant may file and serve no later than the time of its wat appearance a joinder in the plaintiff's designation, a counter-designation that the case is not complex, or, if the plaintiff has made no designation, a designation that

CASE TYPES AND EXAMPLES

or wrongful eviction) (Contract/Warranty Breach-Seller

Other Breach of Contract/Warranty

Other Promissory Note/Collections

Negligent Breach of Contract

Collections (e.g., money owed, open

Collection Case Seller Plaintiff

Insurance Coverage (not provisionally complex) (18)

Contract (not unlawful detaines

Breach of Contract/Warranty (06)

Breach of Rental/Lease

Warranty

book accounts) (09

Auto Subrogation

Other Coverage

Contractual Fraud

Eminent Domain/Inverse

Condemnation (14)

Other Contract Dispute

Other Contract (37)

Real Property

Contract

```
the case is complex.
    Auto (22)-Personal Injury/Property
        Damage/Wrongful Death
    Uninsured Motorist (46) (if the
        case involves an uninsured
         motorist claim subject to
        arbitration, check this item
         instead of Auto)
Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/
Property Damage/Wrongful Death)
    Asbestos (04)
        Asbestos Property Damage
         Asbestos Personal Injury/
              Wrongful Death
    Product Liability (not asbestos or
         toxic/environmental) (24)
     Medical Malpractice (45)
         Medical Matpractice-
              Physicians & Surgeons
         Other Professional Health Care
              Malpractice
     Other PI/PD/WD (23)
         Premises Liability (e.g., slip
              and fall)
         Intentional Bodily Injury/PD/WD
              (e.g., assault, vandalism)
         Intentional Infliction of
              Emotional Distress
         Negligent Infliction of
         Emotional Distress
Other PI/PD/WD
```

Wrongful Eviction (33) Other Real Property (e.g., quiet title) (26) Writ of Possession of Real Property Mortgage Foreclosure Quiet Title Other Real Property (not eminent domain, landlord/tenant, or Non-PI/PD/WD (Qther) Tort foreclosure) Business Tort/Untair Business **Unlawful Detainer** Commercial (31) Practice (07) Civil Rights (e.g., discrimination, Residential (32) false arrest) (not civil Drugs (38) (if the case involves illegal harassment) (08) drugs, check this item; otherwise, report as Commercial or Residential) Defamation (e.g., slander, libel) Judicial Review (13)Asset Forfeiture (05)
Petition Re: Arbitration Award (11) Fraud (16) Intellectual Property (19) Professional Negligence (25) Writ of Mandate (02)
Writ-Administrative Mandamus
Writ-Mandamus on Limited Court Legal Malpractice Other Professional Malpractice (not medical or legal) Case Matter Other Non-PI/PD/WD Tort (35) Writ-Other Limited Court Case Employment Review Wrongful Termination (36) Other Judicial Review (39)
Review of Health Officer Order Other Employment (15) Notice of Appeal-Labor Commissioner Appeals

Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court Rules 3.400-3.403) Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03) Construction Defect (10) Claims Involving Mass Tort (40) Securities Litigation (28) Environmental/Toxic Tort (30) Plaintiff (not fraud or negligence) insurance Coverage Claims (arising from provisionally complex case type listed above) (41) **Enforcement of Judgment** Enforcement of Judgment (20) Abstract of Judgment (Out of County) Confession of Judgment (nondomestic relations) Sister State Judgment Administrative Agency Award (not unpaid taxes) Petition/Certification of Entry of Judgment on Unpaid Taxes Other Enforcement of Judgment Case Miscellaneous Civil Complaint **RICO (27)** Other Complaint (not specified above) (42)

Declaratory Relief Only Injunctive Relief Only (nonharassment) Mechanics Lien Other Commercial Complaint Case (non-tort/non-complex) Other Civil Complaint (non-tort/non-complex) Miscellaneous Civil Petition Partnership and Corporate Governance (21) Other Petition (not specified

above) (43) Civil Harassment Workplace Violence Elder/Dependent Adult Abuse **Election Contest** Petition for Name Change Petition for Relief From Late Claim Other Civil Petition

1.-5

10

1)

CASE NUMBER

BC524767

CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ADDENDUM AND STATEMENT OF LOCATION (CERTIFICATE OF GROUNDS FOR ASSIGNMENT TO COURTHOUSE LOCATION)

Item I. Check the types of hearing and fill in the estimated length of hearing expected for this case: JURY TRIAL? YES CLASS ACTION? YES LIMITED CASE? YES TIME ESTIMATED FOR TRIAL 2-4 HOURS! DAYS Item II. Indicate the correct district and courthouse location (4 steps – If you checked "Limited Case" skip to Item III, Pg. 4) Step 1: After first completing the Civil Case Cover Sheet form, find the main Civil Case Cover Sheet heading for your case in the left margin below, and, to the right in Column A, the Civil Case Cover Sheet case type you selected. Step 2: Check one Superior Court type of action in Column B below which best describes the nature of this case. Step 3: In Column C, circle the reason for the court location choice that applies to the type of action you have checked. For any exception to the court location, see Local Rule 2.0. Applicable Reasons for Choosing Courthouse Location (see Column C below)
Item II. Indicate the correct district and courthouse location (4 steps – If you checked "Limited Case" skip to Item III, Pg. 4) Step 1: After first completing the Civil Case Cover Sheet form, find the main Civil Case Cover Sheet heading for your case in the left margin below, and, to the right in Column A, the Civil Case Cover Sheet case type you selected. Step 2: Check one Superior Court type of action in Column B below which best describes the nature of this case. Step 3: In Column C, circle the reason for the court location choice that applies to the type of action you have checked. For any exception to the court location, see Local Rule 2.0. Applicable Reasons for Choosing Courthouse Location (see Column C below) 1. Class actions must be filed in the Stanley Mosk Courthouse, central district. 2. May be filed in central (other county, or no bodily injury/property damage). 3. Location where petitioner resides. 4. Location where petitioner resides. 5. Location where petitioner resides. 6. Location where petitioner resides. 7. Location where petitioner resides. 8. Location where petitioner resides.
Step 1: After first completing the Civil Case Cover Sheet form, find the main Civil Case Cover Sheet heading for your case in the left margin below, and, to the right in Column A, the Civil Case Cover Sheet case type you selected. Step 2: Check one Superior Court type of action in Column B below which best describes the nature of this case. Step 3: In Column C, circle the reason for the court location choice that applies to the type of action you have checked. For any exception to the court location, see Local Rule 2.0.
Step 2: Check one Superior Court type of action in Column B below which best describes the nature of this case. Step 3: In Column C, circle the reason for the court location choice that applies to the type of action you have checked. For any exception to the court location, see Local Rule 2.0.
Step 2: Check one Superior Court type of action in Column B below which best describes the nature of this case. Step 3: In Column C, circle the reason for the court location choice that applies to the type of action you have checked. For any exception to the court location, see Local Rule 2.0.
Step 2: Check one Superior Court type of action in Column B below which best describes the nature of this case. Step 3: In Column C, circle the reason for the court location choice that applies to the type of action you have checked. For any exception to the court location, see Local Rule 2.0.
Step 3: In Column C, circle the reason for the court location choice that applies to the type of action you have checked. For any exception to the court location, see Local Rule 2.0.
checked. For any exception to the court location, see Local Rule 2.0.
Applicable Reasons for Choosing Courthouse Location (see Column C below)
2. May be filled in central (other county, or no bodily injury/property damage). 7. Location where petitioner resides.

0.4	A Civil Case Cover Sheet Category No:	B Type of Action (Check only one)	C Applicable Reasons See Step 3 Above
	Auto (22)	☐ A7100 Motor Vehicle - Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death	1., 2., 4.
Auto	Uninsured Motorist (46)	☐ A7110 Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death – Uninsured Motorist	1., 2., 4.
Other Personal Injury/ Property Damage/ Wrongful Death Tort	Aspestos (04)	□ A6070 Asbestos Property Damage □ A7221 Asbestos - Personal Injury/Wrongful Death	2. 2.
	Product Liability (24)	☐ A7260 Product Liability (not asbestos or toxic/environmental)	1., 2., 3., 4., 8.
	Medical Malpractice (45)	□ A7210 Medical Malpractice - Physicians & Surgeons □ A7240 Other Professional Health Care Malpractice	1., 4. 1., 4.
	Other Personal Injury Property Damage Wrongful Death (23)	□ A7250 Premises Liability (e.g., slip and fall) □ A7230 Intentional Bodily Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death (e.g., assault, vandalism, etc.) □ A7270 Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress □ A7220 Other Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death	1, 4. 1, 4. 1, 3. 1, 4.

10ACIV 109 (Rev. 03/11) LASC Approved 03-04

CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ADDENDUM AND STATEMENT OF LOCATION

Local Rule 2.0

Page 1 of 4

SHORT TITLE:
Marcelin v. Liberty Mutual Insurance Company, et.al.

A Civil Case Cover Sheet Category No	B Type of Action (Check only one)	C Applicable Reasons See Step 3 Above
Business Tort (07)	□ A6029 Other Commercial/Business Tort (not fraud/breach of contract)	1., 3.
Civil Rights (08)	□ A6005 Civil Rights/Discrimination	1., 2., 3.
Defamation (13)	☐ A6010 Defamation (slander/libel)	1., 2., 3.
Fraud (16)	☐ A6013 Fraud (no contract)	1., 2., 3.
Destauries d'Albania (25)	☐ A6017 Legal Malpractice	. 1., 2., 3.
Professional Negligence (25)	☐ A6050 Other Professional Malpractice (not medical or legal)	1., 2., 3.
Other (35)	□ A6025 Other Non-Personal Injury/Property Damage tort	2.,3.
Wrongful Termination (36)	□ A6037 Wrongful Termination	1., 2., 3.
Other Employment (16)	□ A6024 Other Employment Complaint Case	1., 2., 3.
Other Employment (15)	☐ A6109 Labor Commissioner Appeals	10.
	A6004 Breach of Rental/Lease Contract (not unlawful detainer or wrongful eviction)	2., 5.
Breach of Contract/ Warranty (06)	☐ A6008 Contract/Warranty Breach -Seller Plaintiff (no fraud/negligence)	2., 5.
(not insurance)	☐ A6019 Negligent Breach of Contract/Warranty (no fraud)	1., 2., 5.
	☐ A6028 Other Breach of Contract/Warranty (not fraud or negligence)	1., 2., 5.
	□ A6002 Collections Case-Seller Plaintiff	2., 5., 6.
Collections (09)	☐ A6012 Other Promissory Note/Collections Case	2., 5.
Insurance Coverage (18)	☑ A6015 Insurance Coverage (not complex)	1., 2., 5., 8.
	A6009 Contractual Fraud	1., 2., 3., 5.
Other Contract (37)	A6031 Tortious Interference	1., 2., 3., 5.
	☐ A6027 Other Contract Dispute(not breach/insurance/fraud/negligence)	1., 2., 3., 8.
Eminent Domain/Inverse Condemnation (14)	□ A7300 Eminent Domain/Condemnation Number of parcels	2.
Wrongful Eviction (33)	☐ A6023 Wrongful Eviction Case	2., 6.
	☐ A6018 Mortgage Foreclosure	2., 6.
Other Real Property (26)	☐ A6032 Quiet Title	2., 6.
<u> </u>	☐ A6060 Other Real Property (not eminent domain, landlord/tenant, foreclosure)	2., 6.
Unlawful Detainer-Commercial (31)	☐ A6021 Unlawful Detainer-Commercial (not drugs or wrongful eviction)	2., 6.
Unlawful Detainer-Residential (32)	☐ A6020 Unlawful Detainer-Residential (not drugs or wrongful eviction)	2., 6.
Unlawful Detainer- Post-Foreclosure (34)	□ A6020FUnlawful Detainer-Post-Foreclosure	2., 6.
Unlawful Detainer-Drugs (38)	A6022 Unlawful Detainer-Drugs	2., 6.

Non-Personal Injury/ Property Damage/ Wrongful Death Tort

Employment

Contract

Real Property

اد. کار

Ö

SHORT TITLE: Marcelin v. Liberty Mutual Insurance Company, et.al.

	A Civil Case Cover Sheet Category No	B Je Type of Action (Check only one)	C Applicable Reasons See Step 3 Above
	Asset Forfeiture (05)	□ A6108 Asset Forfeiture Case	2., 6.
ew.	Petition re Arbitration (11)	☐ A6115 Petition to Compel/Confirm/Vacate Arbitration	2., 5.
Judicial Review		☐ A6151 Writ - Administrative Mandamus	2., 8.
dicia	Writ of Mandate (02)	☐ A6152 Writ - Mandamus on Limited Court Case Matter	2.
, 3		□ A6153 Writ - Other Limited Court Case Review)2.
	Other Judicial Review (39)	□ A6150 Other Writ /Judicial Review	2., 8.
<u>ioi</u>	Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03)	☐ A6003 Antitrust/Trade Regulation	1., 2., 8.
Litigat	Construction Defect (10)	□ A6007 Construction Defect	1., 2., 3.
Provisionally Complex Litigation	Claims Involving Mass Tort (40)	□ A6006 Claims tovolving Mass Tort	1., 2., 8.
	Securities Litigation (28)	□ A6035 Securities Litigation Case	1., 2., 8.
	Toxic Tort Environmental (30)	☐ A6036 Toxic Tort/Environmental	1., 2., 3., 8.
	Insurance Coverage Claims from Complex Case (41)	☐ A6014 Insurance Coverage/Subrogation (complex case only)	1., 2., 5., 8.
		☐ A6141 Sister State Judgment	2., 9.
ent	· ·	□ A6160 Abstract of Judgment	2., 6.
Enforcement of Judgment	Enforcement	A6107 Confession of Judgment (non-domestic relations)	2., 9.
ng ja	of Judgment (20)	A6140 Administrative Agency Award (not unpaid taxes)	2., 8.
<u> </u>		D A6114 Petition/Certificate for Entry of Judgment on Unpaid Tax	2., 8.
		A6/12 Other Enforcement of Judgment Case	2., 8., 9.
s St	RICO (27)	A6033 Racketeering (RICO) Case	1., 2., 8.
Miscellaneous Civil Complaints		☐ A6030 Declaratory Relief Only	1., 2., 8.
ellar	Other Complaints	☐ A6040 Injunctive Relief Only (not domestic/harassment)	2., 8.
Aisc Vil ((Not Specified Above) (42)	☐ A6011 Other Commercial Complaint Case (non-tort/non-complex)	1., 2., 8.
≥ 5		☐ A6000 Other Civil Complaint (non-tort/non-complex)	1., 2., 8.
	Partnership Corporation Governance (21)	☐ A6113 Partnership and Corporate Governance Case	2., 8.
, jb		☐ A6121 Civil Harassment	2., 3., 9.
Ous Sous		☐ A6123 Workplace Harassment	2., 3., 9.
S T C E Miscellaneous Civil Petitions	Other Petitions (Not Specified Above) (43)	☐ A6124 Elder/Dependent Adult Abuse Case	2., 3., 9.
scell vil P		☐ A6190 Election Contest	2
∵ుక్రే		☐ A6110 Petition for Change of Name	2., 7.
Aig.		☐ A6170 Petition for Relief from Late Claim Law	2., 3., 4., 8.
1		☐ A6100 Other Civil Petition	2., 9.
:©	L		<u> </u>

كسر

HORT TITLE	∷ Marcelin v. Liberty Mu	itual Insuran	ce Company,	et.al.	CASE NUMBER	
					nce or place of business, performance	
		•		ADDRESS:	,	
	N: Check the appropriate b			405 Hilgard Ave Los A	ngeles, CA 90095	
this cas	se.					
Ø	1. ☑2. □3. □4. ☑5. □€	5. □7. ☑8.	□9. □10.			
CITY;		STATE:	ZIP CODE:			
Los Ang	eles	CA	90012			
tem IV.	Declaration of Assignmen	t: I declare un	der penalty of pe	eriury under the laws o	f the State of California that the foregoing	a is true
	rect and that the above-e					_
Central					geles (Code Div. Proc., § 392 et seq., an	id Loca
≀ule 2.0), subds. (b), (c) and (d)].					
	October 16, 2013					
Dated:	October 16, 2013			Sign	IATURE OF ATTORNEY/FILING PARTY)	
	SE HAVE THE FOLLOW			AND READY TO	BE FILED IN ORDER TO PROPERI	LY
					. :	
1.				£:	Cleate	
2.	If filing a Complaint, a	(()))	a ,		
3.	Civil Case Cover Shee	11/1/		A-U10.		
4.	Civil Case Cover Shee 03/11).	Addendun	n and Stateme	nt of Location form,	LACIV 109, LASC Approved 03-04	(Rev.
	Payment in full of the	_		4	5	
6.	A signed order appoint minor under 18 years	ting the Gua of age will b	rdian ad Litem, e required by (Judicial Council for Court in order to issu	m CIV-010, if the plaintiff or petitioner le a summons.	risa
7.	Additional copies of demust be served along	ocuments to with the sun	be conformed nmons and co	by the Clerk, Copie inplaint, or other initi	s of the cover sheet and this adden ating pleading in the case.	dum
,						
)						
					~ .	
2					· •	
Ō	•					
)						
,)				,		
~						
-B						-

AND STATEMENT OF LOCATION

LASC Approved 03-04

Page 4 of 4