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FILED
ALAMEDA COUNTY

JUN 2 4 2013

CLERK OF THE SUPERIOR COURT

By July Surger Bernity

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF ALAMEDA, UNLIMITED JURISDICTION

RC13684946 Case No. DAWN GARIBAY, an individual,, COMPLAINT FOR: Plaintiff, NEGLIGENCE 2. BREACH OF FIDUCIARY DUTY VS. FRAUDULENT CONCEALMENT CONSTRUCTIVE FRAUD KAISER FOUNDATION HEALTH PLANS MEDICAL BATTERY INC.; KAISER FOUNDATION HOSPITALS; NEGLIGENT INFLICTION OF NORTHERN CALIFORNIA PERMANENTE EMOTIONAL DISTRESS MEDICAL GROUP; and DOES 1 through 50, inclusive, DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL Defendants.

In this complaint the term "DEFENDANTS" includes all Defendants, including DOES.

INTRODUCTION

PLAINTIFF DAWN GARIBAY underwent multiple operations and medical procedures at, by and through DEFENDANTS Kaiser Foundation Hospitals, Northern California Permanente Medical Group, and under the control of Kaiser Foundation Health Plan Inc., from June through September 2012 and beyond all of which caused or contributed to PLAINTIFF 's being left in pain and without control of her urinary functions.

DEFENDANTS' actions require that DEFENDANTS compensate PLAINTIFF for her injuries, and also require that exemplary damages be assessed against DEFENDANTS.

PARTIES

- 1. PLAINTIFF DAWN GARIBAY ("PLAINTIFF") is an individual residing in the city of Antioch, California.
- 2. PLAINTIFF is informed and believes and thereupon alleges that DEFENDANT Kaiser Foundation Health Plan, Inc. is a corporation or business entity of unknown form, doing business in the County of Alameda, California, which is the location wher the injuries, and damages occurred.
- 3. DEFENDANT Kaiser Foundation Hospitals is a corporation or business entity of unknown form, doing business in the County of Alameda, California.
- 4. DEFENDANTS Kaiser Foundation Health Plan, Inc., Kaiser Foundation Hospitals, Northern California Permanente Medical Group, and DOES 1 through 5 are herein collectively referred to as "KAISER."
- 5. Defendant unknown treaters are individuals who upon information and belief are licensed as physicians and other health care professionals in the State of California and do business in the County

of Alameda at the facility owned and operated by KAISER at Antioch, Pleasanton and other facilities in California

6. PLAINTIFF is ignorant of the names and capacities of DOES 1 though 50 and sues them as DOES 1 through 50, inclusive. PLAINTIFF will amend this action to allege these DOE DEFENDANTS' names and capacities when ascertained. Each of the DEFENDANTS herein is responsible in some manner for the occurrences, injuries, and damages herein, and that the damages were directly and proximately caused by these DEFENDANTS' acts and omissions. Each DEFENDANT herein was the agent of each of the remaining DEFENDANTS, and in doing the things alleged herein were acting within the course and scope of their agency.

FACTS

7. In the months of June, July, August and September and thereafter in 2012 PLAINTIFF was a Kaiser Hospital patient who sought treatment at Kaiser Hospital and from that treatment suffered a series of injuries at Kaiser Hospital because of the improper medical treatment that she received. This improper treatment included procedures and medical steps that caused the loss of control of her urinary functions to the extent that PLAINTIFF was unable to hold her urine and had urine leaking out through her vagina. These problems included improper surgical treatment of fibroids and the disruption of the urinary tract and the damage to the bladder and interference with the proper functioning of the bladder resulting from multiple treatments of the urinary issues in such a substandard fashion that the PLAINTIFF experienced pain and bleeding from her urethra and in the course of voiding urine. The PLAINTIFF was mistreated and misdiagnosed, and was not informed of the correct diagnosis; was not given the correct treatment; was handed off to multiple treaters at DEFENDANTS Kaiser and suffered repeated

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mistreatments and missteps thereafter, including the incorrect insertion of catheters such that they fell out and including the insertion of a catheter in such a fashion as to cause days of severe pain, bleeding and discharge. As a Kaiser patient PLAINTIFF was provided with her primary care physicians and specialty care physician as and other health care providers through the DEFENDANTS and each of them at Kaiser.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Negligence v. all DEFENDANTS)

- 8. PLAINTIFF re-alleges and incorporates by reference all previous allegations.
- 9. By virtue of the foresaid, DEFENDANTS owed a duty of ordinary care to PLAINTIFF, to use the degree of care and skill that a reasonable prudent person would use.
- 10. In the case of unknown physicians and unknown Kaiser health care treaters, as well as the known DEFENDANTS Kaiser, DEFENDANTS are required to use that degree of care that a reasonably prudent physician or health care treater would owe given his or her knowledge, training, expertise, and skill.

DEFENDANTS breached the aforesaid duties of care.

- 11. As a direct and legal result of the foresaid, PLAINTIFF sustained injuries.
- 12. As a further direct and legal result of the foresaid, PLAINTIFF sustained lost income and other damages in a sum according to proof at trial.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Breach of Fiduciary Duty v. all DEFENDANTS)

- 13. PLAINTIFF re-alleges and incorporates by reference all previous allegations.
- By virtue of their "healthcare provider-patient" relationship, DEFENDANTS had a fiduciary

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duty to PLAINTIFF to act with the utmost good faith and in his best interests.

- 15. DEFENDANTS breached their fiduciary duty to PLAINTIFF in the ways set forth above.
- 16. By virtue of the aforesaid, DEFENDANTS acted recklessly, oppressively, and intentionally in breach of their duties as healthcare providers.
- 17. As a direct and legal result of the aforesaid, PLAINTIFF was injured.
- 18. By virtue of the aforesaid, DEFENDANTS acted despicably and with recklessness, oppression, and malice, and punitive damages should be assessed for that reason.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Fraudulent Concealment v. all DEFENDANTS)

- 19. PLAINTIFF re-alleges and incorporates by reference all previous allegations.
- 20. DEFENDANTS and each of them had the duty to disclose to Plaintiff the nature and extent of her injuries and the nature and extent of the medical conditions and maladies caused by the missteps of the treaters at Kaiser and to do so to assist PLAINTIFF in getting the proper care needed to cure her of the injuries and maladies that DEFENDANTS had caused. DEFENDANTS, by virtue of their fiduciary relationship to PLAINTIFF as a healthcare provider to a patient, had a duty to reveal to plaintiff that she had been damaged by the invasive procedures and that the substandard care given to PLAINTIFF and further damaged by the failure to disclose the injuries to the urinary system and the bladder such that without disclosure PLAINTIFF'S condition deteriorated and that each successive operation and procedure exacerbated her injuries
- 21. None of these facts were disclosed to PLAINTIFF, and they remained concealed from PLAINTIFF until approximately July 14, 2013 or later.
- 22. All DEFENDANTS, and each of them individually and collectively, had the duty to disclose

- 32. DEFENDANTS intentionally breached the aforesaid fiduciary duty to disclose the following information to PLAINTIFF.
- 33. Said breaches were financially motivated and intentional, and directly and legally resulted in PLAINTIFF'S injuries.
- 34. By virtue of the foresaid, DEFENDANTS and each of them have acted with fraud and an award of general damages for PLAINTIFF'S pain and suffering under the provisions of Welf. & Inst Code §15657, and as assessment of punitive damages in a sum according to proof at trial, is justified and appropriate. In addition, DEFENDANTS acted despicably and with recklessness, oppression, and malice, and punitive damages should be assessed for that reason.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Medical Battery v. all DEFENDANTS)

- 35. PLAINTIFF re-alleges and incorporates by reference all previous allegations.
- 36. DEFENDANTS and the unknown health care providers at Kaiser committed medical battery by operating and performing procedures on PLAINTIFF without her informed consent to the purpose of the procedure, which was to conceal continuing injuries to PLAINTIFF arising out of KAISERS'S negligent and wrongful actions.
- 37. As a direct and legal result of the foregoing, PLAINTIFF suffered injuries.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Negligent Infliction Of Emotional Distress v. all DEFENDANTS)

38. PLAINTIFF re-alleges and incorporates by reference all previous allegations.

e) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

DATE: June 22, 2013

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GARIBAY v. KAISER Complaint

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