FILED Twila S. White, SBN: 207424 LAW OFFICE OF TWILA S. WHITE 6101 West Centinela Avenue, Suite 360 Culver City, California 90230 MAY 03 2013 Telephone: (213) 381-8749 3 Facsimile: (213) 381-8799 fficer/Clerkکروناندی کی انتقالی 4 Deputy 5 Attorney For Plaintiff MICAIAH TAFAI б BARBARA MEIERS 7 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 8 FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES 9 10 BC507944 ) Case No. MICAIAH TAFAI, 11 COMPLAINT FOR: Plaintiff, 12 Discrimination Based on Disability and vs. 13 Failure to Accommodate in Violation of KAISER FOUNDATION HEALTH PLAN the Fair Employment and Housing Act; 114 INC., a California Corporation; KAISER 2. Failure to Engage in Interactive Process in FOUNDATION HOSPITALS, a California Violation of the Fair Employment and 15 Corporation; SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA Housing Act; PERMANENTE MEDICAL GROUP, INC., a 16 3. Harassment in Violation of the Fair California Corporation; and DOES 1 through 50, Employment and Housing Act; 17 Inclusive. 4. Retaliation in Violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act; 18 efendants. 5. Violation of the California Family Rights 19 6. Associational Discrimination in Violation 20 of the Fair Employment and Housing 21 Act; 7. Failure to Take All Reasonable Steps 22 Necessary to Prevent Discrimination, Retaliation and Harassment 23 8. Intentional Infliction of Emotiona  $\odot$ 24 υĪ Distress: 9. Negligence/Negligent Infliction of 25 **Emotional Distress**; 10. Violation of Labor Code Section 233; and **(** 26 QQ. 11. Wrongful Termination in Violation of 27 28 ٩ COMPLAINT; DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL  $\langle \chi \rangle$ 

Public Policy.

parent corporation, joint employers, alter ego, and/or joint venturers of the other Defendants, and each of them, and in doing the things alleged herein, were acting at least in part within the course and scope of said agency, employment, conspiracy, joint employer, alter ego status, and/or joint venture and with the permission and consent of each of the other Defendants.

- 8. Whenever and wherever reference is made in this Complaint to any act or failure to act by a Defendant or co-Defendant, such allegations and references shall also be deemed to mean the acts and/or failures to act by each Defendant acting individually, jointly and severally.
- 9. Plaintiff Micaiah Tafai (Plaintiff) is a married 32 year-old African American woman and mother of five children. She is a licensed vocational nurse (LVN) by the State of California and has held this license since May 2009. Plaintiff began working for Defendants on or around November 2010 as an LVN. She was initially assigned to the Inglewood location until her transfer to the Harbor City location, 25975 South Normandie Avenue, Harbor City, California 90710, in or around May 2011 to the pediatrics department.
- 10. Two of Plaintiff's children have medical conditions for which she obtained FMLA certifications for and submitted to Defendants. One of Plaintiff's children was diagnosed with diabetes and another child was diagnosed with chronic ashtma. Kaiser Permanente Hospital (hereinafter "Kaiser") was the healthcare provider for Plaintiff's family, including Plaintiff, Plaintiff's husband and children, during the time period that Plaintiff was employed with Defendants. Therefore, it was Defendants' doctors who were aware of Plaintiff's and her families' medical conditions and completed the FMLA certifications on behalf of Plaintiff and her children.
- In or around the latter part of 2011, Plaintiff's then one year-old suffered from health problems related to his asthma. He had been coughing a lot and having difficulties breathing. Plaintiff spoke to her supervisor, Phyllis Harris (Harris), about her son's disability. Plaintiff's other son, a three year-old at the time, suffered from diabetes. Plaintiff had also discussed his disability with Harris. There were times when Plaintiff required intermittent leaves of a couple of days when her children fell ill. Although doctor's notes were not required under

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Defendant's policies for various circumstances related to sick leave, Plaintiff would return to the workplace from a leave of a couple of days and Harris would confront Plaintiff asking for a doctor's note for doctor's visits for Plaintiff's children. Plaintiff complied with Harris' requests, even though Harris' requests were in violation of Defendants' policies.

- 12. Plaintiff's husband suffers from chronic back pain, from years of working in the construction business, and was not employed. He was under medical care concerning complications with his back. All the while Plaintiff was caring for her family's serious health conditions, Plaintiff was performing well in her position at Kaiser as an LVN.
- 13. In April 2012, Plaintiff obtained FMLA certification for her son who suffered from asthma. The FMLA certification indicated that he needed intermittent care from Plaintiff and that Plaintiff should be expected to take time off to care for him. The FMLA documents were submitted to Defendants.
- 14. Plaintiff also received FMLA certification in April 2012 for her son who suffered from diabetes. The FMLA certification indicated that he also needed intermittent care from Plaintiff, and Plaintiff should be expected to take off to care for him. The FMLA documents were submitted to Defendants.
- discussions with Parris about her children's medical conditions, informing Harris for whom she was taking time off work for, and the reasons why. In addition to taking time off for the medical conditions indicated in Plaintiff's children's FMLA documents, there were occasions when Plaintiff's children suffered from other illnesses, including the flu and vomiting. During these bouts of illnesses of her children, Plaintiff was required to take off time from work to care for them when necessary. Despite having notified Harris of her children's health conditions, when Plaintiff requested time off to take her children to the doctor, her requests for accommodation were denied.
- 16. On various occasions when Plaintiff needed to take off time to care for her children, Harris would interrogate Plaintiff. Harris would question Plaintiff about her children's

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illnesses and their conditions. Harris would sarcastically say, "What's going on today? Which one are you calling out for, your diabetic son or the one who has asthma?" Harris would interrogate Plaintiff, "Well your husband is not able to take care of them?" Plaintiff repeatedly explained to Harris that her husband suffered from his own serious health condition and was under doctor's care because of chronic back pain. Harris's excuse for denying Plaintiff's requests for time off were due to "scheduling reasons", even when Plaintiff submitted her requests several weeks in advance. Harris and Clerical Supervisor, Sandra Romero (Romero), would complete and post schedules weekly, in violation of the collective bargaining agreement, rather than give the proper notice.

- 17. In May 2012, Plaintiff's oldest child became ill. She had a discussion with Harris notifying her that it was neither of her two sons with asthma or diabetes that she was calling out sick for, but instead for Plaintiff's oldest child who was ill. Harris appeared irritated.
- obtained FMLA for her two sons's related to asthma and diabetes, Plaintiff's requests for time off pertaining to them were denied. Both Harris and Romero would tell Plaintiff that her requests were denied due to staffing reasons. Harris and Romero threatened Plaintiff that if she took a day off for FMLA, after that they had denied her request, that they would classify Plaintiff as insubordinate and subject Plaintiff to discipline. Therefore, Plaintiff became torn between keeping her job and exercising her right to take protected leaves for herself and her family.
- Combined with Harris' and Romero's threats were occasions when Plaintiff paged Harris and Romero notifying them that she needed to take off time for her children's illness, was their constant interrogation of Plaintiff as if she was lying about her need for time off when requested. Plaintiff received sarcastic comments such as "Who are you calling out sick for now?" When Plaintiff notified Harris that she had to take her husband to doctor's appointments for his back, Harris would ask Plaintiff "Why?". When Plaintiff reiterated that her husband had a chronic back problem, Harris would follow with another question, "Oh he's not able to drive himself?", usually followed by a denial of her request for time off.

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- 20. Both Harris and Romero would ask for doctor's notes from Plaintiff. If Plaintiff took the day off for one of her children's illnesses or a doctor's appointment, Plaintiff returned to the workplace with Harris and Romero asking "Where is your doctor's note?" or "You need to watch how often you call out using CESLA?" On a particular occasion, Romero called Plaintiff into her office and told Plaintiff that "people were watching" Plaintiff to see if there are "patterns" for when Plaintiff was taking time off. Plaintiff informed Romero that she had five children and they randomly get ill beyond Plaintiff's control. Romero told Plaintiff to watch the "pattern" because "they" are looking to write you up, "they are saying you are having these sick calls too often".
- 21. After exercising her right to take protected leaves, Plaintiff's received paychecks with errors. Plaintiff had complained to Harris about her paycheck, and Romero's failure to process it correctly. Though Romero had the ability to immediately correct a paycheck error, it often took weeks for Plaintiff's paycheck to be corrected and for Plaintiff to receive payment. Plaintiff was thereafter met with objection from Romero who confronted Plaintiff stating "I am a supervisor and if you have concerns give them to me and if I cannot address them, I will give them to Phyllis". Romero would begrudgingly fix Plaintiff's paycheck, but would ensure it took an unreasonable period of time.
- health issues that grose while Plaintiff was employed with Defendant. Plaintiff's children would get the flu. If one child contracts the flu, oftentimes it would infect the other children in the home. In May 2012, Plaintiff's oldest child was under medical care due to Kaiser placing him on Scabies watch. Plaintiff was required to sanitize her entire home, and safeguard her children, since Scabies is highly contagious. When Plaintiff spoke to Romero about this, and notified Romero about the Scabies watch, Romero was unsympathetic about Plaintiff's situation and request for accommodation.
- 23. In early June 2012, Plaintiff became ill and was required to undergo emergency surgery for appendicitis. During her employment, Plaintiff had also previously disclosed that she

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had Wolf Parkinson White Syndrome and a heart condition to her supervisor. The surgery was performed at Kaiser, resulting in Plaintiff being out of work post surgery for approximately two weeks. Defendant did not approve the time off taken by Plaintiff under CFRA. Plaintiff ended up using her accumulated paid sick leave for the time taken for her surgery and post operative recovery. At the time Plaintiff was admitted to Kaiser for surgery, she was the sole financial provider of her family. She had no prior writes ups for attendance and her performance evaluations met expectations.

- 24. In early June 2012 before being hospitalized for appendicitis, Plaintiff requested to take her husband to the doctor for a June 2012 appointment. This request was denied, requiring that Plaintiff's husband reschedule his doctor's appointment to July 11, 2012. Plaintiff then promptly gave several weeks notice to Defendants of her need to take off July 11, 2012 and indicated that her husband suffered from chronic pain arthritis of the spine.
- On July 6, 2012, approximately two weeks after Plaintiff had returned to work following her surgery, she learned that her request to take off July 11, 2012 to take her husband to the doctor was denied by Romero. When Plaintiff asked Romero why the request was denied, Romero stated that someone with more seniority had requested the date before Plaintiff did. Plaintiff then checked with the two coworkers who had the day off and both denied having requested that day off. Contrary to what Romero represented, one of Plaintiff's coworker's was willing to switch days with Plaintiff, so that Plaintiff could take her husband to the doctor. When Plaintiff went back to Romero's office and disclosed the conversation she had just had with her two coworkers, Romero then changed her story stating that Plaintiff could not have the day off to take her husband to the doctor because of a "mandatory meeting".
- 26. Plaintiff questioned Romero on how there could be a mandatory meeting if two people were scheduled off for the day. When Plaintiff further questioned Romero about the "mandatory meeting", Romero said the meeting was about people signing the manual log all too often. Plaintiff asked Romero again if she could have the day off, to which Romero then replied that Plaintiff had to be present at the meeting and that the meeting is between "me, you and

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Phyllis". Later that day, Plaintiff inquired with Romero as to the reason for the "mandatory meeting", and Romero would offer no further explanation. Romero became irritated with Plaintiff's inquiries, and told Plaintiff that Harris was on vacation, and that while Harris was on vacation, Romero was the supervisor, and that if there was "something urgent" that Plaintiff needed, that Romero could page Harris. Even though Plaintiff insisted the matter was "urgent" and repeatedly asked Romero to contact Harris, Romero refused, knowing that Plaintiff needed an accommodation to take her husband to the doctor, and that Romero had denied Plaintiff's earlier request to have the day off to take her husband to the doctor.

27. On July 11, 2012, when Plaintiff arrived to work the was approached by Romero who asked Plaintiff if she had a union representative and notified Plaintiff that she needed one for a meeting that was going to occur that day. A union representative was notified to attend the meeting whom Plaintiff had previously lodged discrimination complaints with about Harris. When Plaintiff arrived to the meeting later that day with her union representative, she was notified that Harris and Romero were accusing Plaintiff of a time card violation that allegedly had occurred on May 27, 2012. Neither Romero nor Harris provided an explanation of why Plaintiff was being presented with the alleged time card violation several weeks after its occurrence. Further, neither Harris nor Romero offered an explanation of why the alleged time card violation was being presented after Plaintiff's surgery and request for accommodation to take her husband to the doctor. Plaintiff complained about Defendant's discriminatory treatment against her.

Though Plaintiff denied the allegations against her concerning the time card violation, Plaintiff's employment was suspended on July 11, 2012 and a Level 5 Corrective Action was issued to her on August 9, 2012, resulting in Plaintiff's termination. Defendants bypassed Correction Action Levels 1-4, in violation of policy, and terminated Plaintiff's employment.

#### FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(For Discrimination Based on Disability and Failure to Accommodate in Violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act Against All Defendants)

- 29. Plaintiff refers to the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 28 inclusive, of this complaint, and by reference thereto, incorporates the same herein as though fully set forth.
  - 30. Defendant is an employer that regularly employs five (5) or more persons.
- 31. The unlawful practices complained of herein occurred in Los Angeles County, California.
- 32. The Plaintiff was subjected to a continuous pattern of discrimination by

  Defendant and a hostile work environment based on her disability and medical condition, as well as her children's and husband's. This conduct comprised a pattern and practice of discrimination against Plaintiff.
- 33. During her employment with Defendant, Plaintiff, as well as her children and husband, suffered from a physical disability due to her medical condition. Defendants were aware of Plaintiff's disability and her husband's and children's, because Defendants were notified by Plaintiff.
- 34. Defendant discriminated against Plaintiff by failing to provide reasonable accommodations to Plaintiff.
- 35. The acts committed by Defendants, including Defendants' failure to accommodate Plaintiff's disability, her children's and husband's, and their ultimate termination of Plaintiff, constitutes unlawful disability discrimination in violation of the provisions of California's Fair Employment and Housing Act.
- 36. As a proximate result of Defendants' discriminatory actions against Plaintiff, as alleged above, Plaintiff has been harmed in that she has suffered the loss of wages, benefits, and additional amounts of money she would have received if she had not been terminated from her employment with Defendant. As a result of such discrimination and consequent harm, Plaintiff

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has suffered damages in an amount in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of the Court, according to proof at time of trial.

- 37. As a further proximate result of Defendants' discriminatory actions against Plaintiff, Plaintiff has been harmed in that she has suffered extreme and continuing humiliation, mental anguish and emotional distress. As a result of such discrimination and consequent harm, Plaintiff has suffered damages in an amount in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of the Court, according to proof at time of trial.
- 38. The above recited actions of Defendants in discriminating against Plaintiff and failure to accommodate Plaintiff were done with malice, fraud and/or oppression and in reckless disregard of the rights of Plaintiff under the Fair Employment and Housing Act. Plaintiff is informed and believes and on that basis alleges that the discriminatory acts taken towards her were carried out by managing agents of Defendants with the ratification and approval of officers and/or managing agents of Defendants in a malicious, oppressive and fraudulent manner in order to harm Plaintiff, or with a willful and conscious disregard of Plaintiff's rights, thereby causing his unjust hardship, humiliation and/or emotional distress. Such conduct was despicable, and justifies an award of punitive damages against Defendants in an amount sufficient to deter them from engaging in such conduct again in the future, in an amount according to proof at time of trial.
- 39. Within one year of the date of the discrimination alleged herein, Plaintiff filed charges of discrimination with the California Department of Fair Employment and Housing ("DFEH").
- 40. The DFEH has issued to Plaintiff a Notice to Complainant of Right to Sue based on his charges of discrimination against Defendant.

### SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(For Failure to Engage in Interactive Process in Violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act Against All Defendants)

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- 41. Plaintiff refers to the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 40 inclusive, of this complaint, and by reference thereto, incorporates the same herein as though fully set forth.
  - 42. Defendant is an employer that regularly employs five (5) or more persons.
- 43. The unlawful practices complained of herein occurred in Los Angeles County, California.
- 44. Having been placed on notice of Plaintiff's medical condition and disability, in addition to her children's and husband's, and Plaintiff's request for a medical leave associated with her disability, Defendant had an affirmative duty to engage in a timely, good faith, interactive process with the Plaintiff, in order to determine effective reasonable accommodations. Defendant's failure to comply with this mandatory duty and thereby violated Plaintiff's rights under the FEHA.
- 45. Moreover, despite Plaintiff's efforts to seek accommodations, by way of bringing her disability and the serious health conditions of her children and husband to the attention of human resources, and notifying human resources of her prescribed medical leave of absence for her surgery and the FMLA certifications of herself and her children, Defendant failed to fulfill its affirmative duty to engage in the mandatory interactive process, in a timely, good-faith manner, or at all, in violation of Government Code Section 12940(n).
- 46. As a proximate result of Defendants' conduct against Plaintiff, as alleged above, Plaintiff has been harmed in that she has suffered the loss of wages, benefits, and additional amounts of money she would have received if she had not been terminated from her employment with Defendant. As a result of such conduct and consequent harm, Plaintiff has suffered economic damages in an amount Plaintiff has suffered damages in an amount in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of the Court, according to proof at time of trial.
- 47. As a further proximate result of Defendants' discrimination against Plaintiff,
  Plaintiff has been harmed in that she has suffered extreme and continuing humiliation, mental
  anguish and emotional distress. As a result of such discrimination and consequent harm,

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Plaintiff has suffered damages in an amount in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of the Court, according to proof at time of trial.

- 48. The above recited actions of Defendants in discriminating against Plaintiff and failing to engage in the interactive process were done with malice, fraud and/or oppression and in reckless disregard of the rights of Plaintiff under the Fair Employment and Housing Act.

  Plaintiff is informed and believes and on that basis alleges that the discriminatory conduct taken towards her were carried out by managing agents of Defendants and/or with the ratification and approval of officers and/or managing agents of Defendants in a malicious, oppressive and fraudulent manner in order to harm Plaintiff, or with a willful and conscious disregard of Plaintiff's rights, thereby causing him unjust hardship, humiliation and/or emotional distress.

  Such conduct was despicable, and justifies an award of punitive damages against Defendants in an amount sufficient to deter them from engaging in such conduct again in the future, in an amount according to proof at time of trial.
- 49. Within one year of the date of the discrimination alleged herein, Plaintiff filed a charge of harassment with the Catifornia Department of Fair Employment and Housing ("DFEH").
- 50. The DFBH has issued to Plaintiff a Notice to Complainant of Right to Sue based on his charges of discrimination against Defendants.

#### THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(For Harassment in Violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act Against All Defendants)

- Plaintiff refers to the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 50, inclusive, of this complaint, and by reference thereto, incorporates the same herein as though fully set forth.
  - 52. Defendant is an employer that regularly employs five (5) or more persons.
- The unlawful practices complained of herein occurred in Los Angeles County,
   California.
- 54. Plaintiff was subjected to a continuous pattern of harassment by Defendant and a hostile work environment based on her serious health condition, her children's serious health

condition and her husband's; Plaintiff taking tin	ne off to c	are for her s	serious h	ealth cond	ition, he
children's serious health condition and her husb	oand's; and	d Plaintiff c	omplaini	ing about 1	ınlawful
discrimination, harassment and retaliation.		:			•

- 55. As a proximate result of Defendants' conduct against Plaintiff, Plaintiff has been harmed in that she has suffered economic losses and extreme and continuing humiliation, mental anguish and emotional distress.
- The above recited actions of Defendants in harassing Plaintiff were done with malice, fraud and/or oppression and in reckless disregard of the rights of Plaintiff under the Fair Employment and Housing Act. Plaintiff is informed and believes and on that basis alleges that the harassing conduct taken towards her was carried out by managing agents of Defendants, and/or with the ratification and approval of officers and/or managing agents of Defendants in a malicious, oppressive and fraudulent manner in order to harm Plaintiff, or with a willful and conscious disregard of Plaintiff's rights, thereby causing her unjust hardship, humiliation and/or emotional distress. Such conduct was despicable, and justifies an award of punitive damages against Defendants in an amount sufficient to deter them from engaging in such conduct again in the future, in an amount according to proof at time of trial.
- 57. Within one year of the date of the harassment alleged herein, Plaintiff filed a charge of harassment with the California Department of Fair Employment and Housing ("DFEH").
- The DFEH has issued to Plaintiff a Notice to Complainant of Right to Sue based on his charges of harassment against Defendants.

#### FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(For Retaliation in Violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act Against All Defendants)

- 59. Plaintiff refers to the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 58 inclusive, of this complaint, and by reference thereto, incorporates the same herein as though fully set forth.
  - 60. Defendant is an employer that regularly employs five (5) or more persons.

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61.	The unlawful practices complained of herein occurred in Los Angeles C	ounty,
California.	·	

- 62. Defendants retaliated against Plaintiff: (1) because of her serious health condition, her children's serious health condition and her husband's, (2) for requesting reasonable accommodations for her serious health condition, her children's serious health condition and her husband's, (3) for her association with her disabled children and husband, (4) because she took leave to care for her serious health condition, her children's serious health condition and her husband's, (5) because Plaintiff asserted her rights under the California Family Rights Act, (6) because she protested discrimination, harassment and retaliation by her supervisor, and (7) for making internal complaints and grievances against Defendant. Said conduct violated Government Code Sections 12940 and 12945.2. Rather than providing Plaintiff reasonable accommodations and engaging in the interactive process regarding her serious health condition, her children's serious health condition and her husband's, Defendant retaliated against Plaintiff, and terminated her employment.
- As a proximate result of Defendants' retaliation against Plaintiff, as alleged above, Plaintiff has been harmed in that she has suffered the loss of wages, benefits, and additional amounts of money she would have received if she had not been terminated from her employment with Defendant. As a result of such retaliation and consequent harm, Plaintiff has suffered economic damages in an amount in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of the Court, according to proof at time of trial.
- As a further proximate result of Defendants' retaliation against Plaintiff, Plaintiff has been harmed in that she has suffered extreme and continuing humiliation, mental anguish and emotional distress. As a result of such retaliation and consequent harm, Plaintiff has suffered damages in an amount in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of the Court, according to proof at time of trial.
- 65. The above recited actions of Defendants in retaliating against Plaintiff were done with malice, fraud and/or oppression and in reckless disregard of the rights of Plaintiff under the

Fair Employment and Housing Act. Plaintiff is informed and believes and on that basis alleges that the retaliatory conduct taken towards her were carried out by managing agents of Defendants and/or with the ratification and approval of officers and/or managing agents of Defendants in a malicious, oppressive and fraudulent manner in order to harm Plaintiff, or with a willful and conscious disregard of Plaintiff's rights, thereby causing him unjust hardship, humiliation and/or emotional distress. Such conduct was despicable, and justifies an award of punitive damages against Defendants in an amount sufficient to deter them from engaging in such conduct again in the future, in an amount according to proof at time of trial.

- 66. Within one year of the date of the retaliation alleged herein, Plaintiff filed a charge of retaliation with the California Department of Fair Employment and Housing ("DFEH").
- 67. The DFEH has issued to Plaintiff a Notice to Complainant of Right to Sue based on his charges of retaliation against Defendants.

#### FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(For Violation of California Family Rights Act Against All Defendants)

- 68. Plaintiff refers to the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 67 inclusive, of this complaint, and by reference thereto, incorporates the same herein as though fully set forth.
- 69. Plaintiff is informed and believes that Defendants are covered employers, as that term is defined in Government Code §12945.2(c)(2), as well as applicable interpretive regulations.
- Plaintiff was employed by Defendants for more than one year, and had in excess of 1250 hours of service during the 12 month period immediately preceding his medical leave.
- 71. Plaintiff was harassed and retaliated against because she took leave to care for her serious health condition, her children's serious health condition, and her husband's, and in retaliation for asserting her right to such leaves under California law. Defendants' conduct violated the California Family Rights Act, codified at Government Code §12945.2.

- 72. As a proximate result of Defendants' conduct against Plaintiff, as alleged above, Plaintiff has been harmed in that she has suffered the loss of wages, benefits, and additional amounts of money she would have received if she had not been terminated from her employment with Defendant. As a result of such retaliation and consequent harm, Plaintiff has suffered economic damages in an amount in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of the Court, according to proof at time of trial.
- 73. As a further proximate result of Defendants' conduct against Plaintiff, Plaintiff has been harmed in that she has suffered extreme and continuing humiliation, mental anguish and emotional distress. As a result of such retaliation and consequent harm, Plaintiff has suffered damages in an amount in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of the Court, according to proof at time of trial.
- Plaintiff because she exercised her right to leave under California's Family Rights Act were done with malice, fraud and/or oppression and in reckless disregard of the rights of Plaintiff under the California Family Rights Act. Plaintiff is informed and believes and on that basis alleges that the retaliatory conduct taken towards her was carried out by managing agents of Defendants, and/or with the ratification and approval of officers and/or managing agents of Defendants in a malicious, oppressive and fraudulent manner in order to harm Plaintiff, or with a willful and conscious disregard of Plaintiff's rights, thereby causing her unjust hardship, humiliation and/or emotional distress. Such conduct was despicable, and justifies an award of punitive damages against Defendants in an amount sufficient to deter them from engaging in such conduct again in the future, in an amount according to proof at time of trial.
- 75. Within one year of the date of the retaliation alleged herein, Plaintiff filed a charge of violation of the California Family Rights Act with the California Department of Fair Employment and Housing ("DFEH").
- 76. The DFEH has issued to Plaintiff a Notice to Complainant of Right to Sue based on her charges of violation of the California Family Rights Act against Defendants.

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#### SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(For Associational Discrimination in Violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act Against
All Defendants)

- 77. Plaintiff refers to the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 76, inclusive, of this Complaint, and by reference thereto, incorporates the same herein as though fully set forth.
  - 78. Defendant is an employer that regularly employs five (5) or more persons.
- 79. The unlawful practices complained of occurred in Los Angeles County, California.
- 80. Defendant discriminated against, harassed, and retaliated against Plaintiff because of her association with her children and her husband, who had serious health conditions, and her need to take protected leaves of absence associated with them.
- 81. The above described conduct of Defendant in discriminating against, harassing and retaliating against Plaintiff violated Government Code Sections 12926 (m) and (n), and 12940, et seq.
- 82. As a proximate result of Defendants' conduct against Plaintiff, Plaintiff has been harmed in that she has suffered economic losses and extreme and continuing humiliation, mental anguish and emotional distress.
- harassing and retaliating against Plaintiff were done with malice, fraud and/or oppression and in reckless disregard of the rights of Plaintiff under the Fair Employment and Housing Act.

  Plaintiff is informed and believes and on that basis alleges that the discriminatory, harassing and retaliatory conduct taken towards her were carried out by managing agents of Defendants, and/or with the ratification and approval of officers and/or managing agents of Defendants in a malicious, oppressive and fraudulent manner in order to harm Plaintiff, or with a willful and conscious disregard of Plaintiff's rights, thereby causing her unjust hardship, humiliation and/or emotional distress. Such conduct was despicable, and justifies an award of punitive damages

against Defendants in an amount sufficient to deter them from engaging in such conduct again in the future, in an amount according to proof at time of trial.

#### SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(For Failure to Take All Reasonable Steps Necessary to Prevent Discrimination, Retaliation and Harassment Against All Defendants)

- 84. Plaintiff refers to the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 83 inclusive, of this complaint, and by reference thereto, incorporates the same herein as though fully set forth.
- 85. Defendants failed to take all reasonable steps necessary to prevent discrimination, retaliation and harassment from occurring. Defendants' conduct violated the provisions of Government Code Sections 12940 (k).
- 86. The unlawful practices complained of herein occurred in Los Angeles County, California.
- As a proximate result of Defendants' conduct, as alleged above, Plaintiff has been harmed in that she has suffered the loss of wages, benefits, and additional amounts of money she would have received if she had not been terminated from her employment with Defendant. As a result of Defendants' conduct, Plaintiff has suffered economic damages in an amount in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of the Court, according to proof at time of trial.
- 88. As a further proximate result of Defendants' conduct against Plaintiff, Plaintiff has been harmed in that she has suffered extreme and continuing humiliation, mental anguish and emotional distress. As a result of such conduct, Plaintiff has suffered damages in an amount in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of the Court, according to proof at time of trial.
- 89. The above recited actions of Defendants were done with malice, fraud and/or oppression and in reckless disregard of the rights of Plaintiff under the Fair Employment and Housing Act. Plaintiff is informed and believes and on that basis alleges that managing agents of Defendant willfully failed and refused to take all reasonable steps necessary to prevent discrimination and harassment in a malicious, oppressive and fraudulent manner in order to harm Plaintiff, or with a willful and conscious disregard of Plaintiff's rights, thereby causing her unjust

hardship, humiliation and/or emotional distress. Such conduct was despicable and justifies an award of punitive damages against Defendants in an amount sufficient to deter them from engaging in such conduct again in the future, in an amount according to proof at time of trial.

### **EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

(For Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress Against All Defendants)

- 90. Plaintiff refers to the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 89, inclusive, of this complaint, and by reference thereto, incorporates the same herein as though fully set forth.
- 91. The following conduct by the defendants was extreme and outrageous, and an abuse of the authority and position of the defendants: (1) discriminating against Plaintiff because of her serious health condition, her children's serious health condition and her husband's; (2) discriminating against Plaintiff because she took time off for her own serious health condition, her children's serious health condition and her husband's; (3) harassing and retaliating against Plaintiff because she took protected leaves of absences; and (4) retaliating against Plaintiff for protesting the discrimination, retaliation and harassment.
- 92. Said conduct was outside the scope of the compensation bargain between Plaintiff and Defendants, and was motivated by personal enmity against Plaintiff because of the exercise by Plaintiff of her right to take leave to care for her serious health condition, her children's serious health condition and her husband's, and her opposition to unlawful discrimination, harassment and etaliation by Defendants.
- As a proximate result of Defendants' conduct against Plaintiff, Plaintiff has been harmed in that she has suffered economic losses and extreme and continuing humiliation, mental anguish and emotional distress.
- 94. Said conduct by Defendants was knowing, intentional and willful, and done with a reckless disregard of the probability of causing Plaintiff emotional distress.
- 95. The above recited actions of Defendants were done with malice, fraud and/or oppression and in reckless disregard of the rights of Plaintiff. Plaintiff is informed and believes and on that basis alleges that the discriminatory and retaliatory acts taken towards her were

carried out by managing agents of Defendants, and/or with the ratification and approval of officers and/or managing agents of Defendants, in a malicious, oppressive and fraudulent manner in order to harm Plaintiff, or with a willful and conscious disregard of Plaintiff's rights, thereby causing her unjust hardship, humiliation and/or emotional distress. Such conduct was despicable and justifies an award of punitive damages against Defendants in an amount sufficient to deter them from engaging in such conduct again in the future, in an amount according to proof at time of trial.

#### NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(For Negligence/Negligent Infliction of Emotional Distress Against All Defendants)

- 96. Plaintiff refers to the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 95 inclusive, of this complaint, and by reference thereto, incorporates the same herein as though fully set forth.
- 97. Defendants owed to Plaintiff, as her employer, a duty not to allow the discriminatory conduct of its employees towards Plaintiff. Defendant breached this duty by allowing such conduct as alleged herein above.
- 98. Defendant knew or should have known of the discriminatory conduct against Plaintiff, yet negligently hired, supervised and retained employees who participated in such conduct. Further, Defendant did not take steps to insure that said employee's conduct did not continue to occur or would not occur.
- 99. As a proximate result of Defendants' conduct against Plaintiff, Plaintiff has been harmed in that she has suffered economic losses and extreme and continuing humiliation, mental anguish and emotional distress.
- oppression and in reckless disregard of the rights of Plaintiff. Plaintiff is informed and believes and on that basis alleges that the discriminatory and retaliatory acts taken towards her were carried out by managing agents of Defendants, and/or with the ratification and approval of officers and/or managing agents of Defendants, in a malicious, oppressive and fraudulent manner in order to harm Plaintiff, or with a willful and conscious disregard of Plaintiff's rights, thereby

causing her unjust hardship, humiliation and/or emotional distress. Such conduct was despicable and justifies an award of punitive damages against Defendants in an amount sufficient to deter them from engaging in such conduct again in the future, in an amount according to proof at time of trial.

#### TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(For Violation of Labor Code Section 233 Against All Defendants)

- 101. Plaintiff refers to the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 100, inclusive, of this complaint, and by reference thereto, incorporates the same herein as though fully set forth.
- 102. Under Labor Code Section 233, "Kin Care", allows employees to use up to half of their accrued sick leave benefits to care for a sick family member, including a child, parent, spouse or registered domestic partner.
- 103. Plaintiff was retaliated for taking time off to care for her children's serious health condition.
- 104. As a proximate result of Defendants' conduct against Plaintiff, Plaintiff has been harmed in that she has suffered economic losses and extreme and continuing humiliation, mental anguish and emotional distress.

#### **ELEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

(Wrongful Termination in Violation of Public Policy Against All Defendants)

- 105. Plaintiff refers to the allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 104 inclusive, of this complaint, and by reference thereto, incorporates the same herein as though fully set forth.
- 106. In failing to reasonably accommodate Plaintiff's serious health condition, failing to engage in a good faith, interactive process, and terminating Plaintiff in retaliation for requesting a reasonable accommodations for her own serious health conditions, as well as her children's and husband's, Defendants violated various laws prohibiting discrimination and retaliation including, but not limited to, California Government Code §§12940, et seq.
- 107. In terminating, and discriminating, harassing and retaliating against, Plaintiff because of her serious health condition, her children's serious health condition and her

husband's, Defendants violated the public policy of the State of California, and various laws prohibiting discrimination and retaliation, including, but not limited to California Government Code §§12940, et seq.

- 108. In terminating, and discriminating, harassing and retaliating against Plaintiff, because of Plaintiff's protests and opposition to unlawful discrimination, harassment and retaliation by Defendants, Defendants violated the public policy of the State of California, and various laws prohibiting discrimination and retaliation, including, but not limited to California Government Code §§12940, et seq.
- 109. In terminating, and discriminating, harassing and retaliating against Plaintiff because she took leave protected leaves of absence, Defendants violated various laws prohibiting discrimination and retaliation including, but not limited to, Government Code §§ 12940 and 12945.2 et seq.
- 110. As a proximate result of Defendants' conduct, as alleged above, Plaintiff has been harmed in that she has suffered the loss of wages, benefits and additional amounts of money she would have received if she had not been terminated from her position with Defendant, in an amount according to proof at the time of trial. Plaintiff will seek leave to amend this Complaint when the exact amount of damages has been ascertained, or will prove the same at time of trial.
- 111. As a further proximate result of Defendants' actions as alleged hereinabove,

  Plaintiff has been harmed in that she has suffered extreme and continuing humiliation, mental
  anguish and emotional distress, in an amount an amount in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of
  the Court, according to proof at time of trial.
- and/or oppression and in reckless disregard of the rights of Plaintiff. Plaintiff is informed and believes and on that basis alleges that the acts alleged herein taken towards her were carried out by managing agents of Defendants and/or with the ratification and approval of officers and/or managing agents of Defendants in a malicious, oppressive and fraudulent manner in order to harm Plaintiff, or with a willful and conscious disregard of Plaintiff's rights, thereby causing her

COMPLAINT; DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

## **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL** Plaintiff demands a jury trial. DATED: May 7, 2013 LAW OFFICE OF TWILA S. WHITE Attorney for Plaintiff MICAIAH TAFA . 13 (<u>.</u>) COMPLAINT; DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

SHORT TITLE:	CASE NUMBER
Micaiah Tafai v. Kaiser Foundation Health Plan, Inc., et als.	
,,	

# CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ADDENDUM AND STATEMENT OF LOCATION (CERTIFICATE OF GROUNDS FOR ASSIGNMENT TO COURTHOUSE LOCATION)

This form is required pursuant to Local Rule 2.0 in all new civil case filings in the Los Angeles Superior Court.

Item I. Check the types of hearing and fill in the estimated length of hearing expected for this case:
JURY TRIAL? Z YES CLASS ACTION? YES LIMITED CASE? YES TIME ESTIMATED FOR TRIAL 8 HOURS! DAYS
Item II. Indicate the correct district and courthouse location (4 steps – If you checked "Limited Case", skip to Item III, Pg. 4):
Step 1: After first completing the Civil Case Cover Sheet form, find the main Civil Case Cover Sheet heading for your case in the left margin below, and, to the right in Column A, the Civil Case Cover Sheet case type you selected.
Step 2: Check one Superior Court type of action in Column B below which best describes the nature of this case.
Step 3: In Column C, circle the reason for the court location choice that applies to the type of action you have checked. For any exception to the court location, see Local Rule 2.0.
Applicable Reasons for Choosing Courthouse Location (see Column C below)
1. Class actions must be filed in the Stanley Mosk Courthouse, central district. 2. May be filed in central (other county, or no bodily injury/property demage). 3. Location where cause of action arose. 4. Location where bodily injury, death or damage occurred. 5. Location where performance required or defendant resides. 6. Location of property or permanently garaged vehicle. 7. Location where petitioner resides. 8. Location where in defendant/respondent functions wholly. 9. Location where one or more of the parties reside. 10. Location of Labor Commissioner Office

Step 4: Fill in the information requested on page 4 in Item III; complete Item IV. Sign the declaration.

	Calegoviko	B (Checkony, one)	G Applicable Reasons See Step 2 Above
Auto Tort	Auto (22)	☐ A7100 Motor Vehicle - Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death	1., 2., 4.
Au To	Uninsured Motorist (46)	☐ A7110 Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death - Uninsured Motorist	1., 2., 4.
έt	Asbestos (04)	☐ A6070 Asbestos Property Damage ☐ A7221 Asbestos - Personal Injury/Wrongful Death	2. 2.
Prope ath To	Product Liability (24)	☐ A7260 Product Liability (not asbestos or toxic/environmental)	1., 2., 3., 4., 8.
ial Injuryii. ongful De	Medical Malpractice (45)	□ A7210 Medical Maipractice - Physicians & Surgeons □ A7240 Other Professional Health Care Maipractice	1., 4. 1., 4.
ि ें OtheEPeBonal Mjuri/Eroperty Damage/ Wrongful Death Tort	Other Personal injury Property Damage Wrongful Death (23)	□ A7250 Premises Liability (e.g., slip and fail) □ A7230 Intentional Bodily Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death (e.g., assault, vandalism, etc.) □ A7270 Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress □ A7220 Other Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death	1., 4. 1., 4. 1., 3. 1., 4.

LACIV 109 (Rev. 03/11) LASC Approved 03-04 CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ADDENDUM AND STATEMENT OF LOCATION

Local Rule 2.0

Page 1 of 4

CASE NUMBER

Non-Personal Injury/ Property Damage/ Wrongful Death Tort

**Employment** 

🖯 Cuniawili Detainer S 🖯

Civil Care Cover Sheet		Applicable Reesons See is leps / Aboves
Business Tort (07)	☐ A6029 Other Commercial/Business Tort (not fraud/breach of contract)	1., 3.
Civii Righte (08)	□ A6005 Civil Rights/Discrimination	1., 2., 3.
Defamation (13)	□ A6010 Defamation (slander/libel)	1., 2., 3.
Fraud (16)	☐ A6013 Fraud (no contract)	1., 2., 3.
Professional Negligence (25)	□ A6017 Legal Malpractice □ A6050 Other Professional Malpractice (not medical or legal)	1., 2., 3. 1., 2., 3.
Other (35)	☐ A6025 Other Non-Personal Injury/Property Damage tort	2.,3.
Wrongful Termination (36)	2 A6037 Wrongful Termination	1., 2., 3.
Other Employment (15)	A6024 Other Employment Complaint Case     A6109 Labor Commissioner Appeals	1., 2., 3. 10.
Breach of Contract/ Warranty (06) (not insurance)	□ A6004 Breach of Rental/Lease Contract (not unlawful detainer or wrongful eviction) □ A6008 Contract/Warranty Breach Selter Plaintiff (no fraud/negligence) □ A6019 Negligent Breach of Contract/Warranty (no fraud) □ A6028 Other Breach of Contract/Warranty (not fraud or negligence)	2., 5. · 2., 5. 1., 2., 5. 1., 2., 5.
Collections (09)	□ A6002 Collections Case-Seller Plaintiff □ A6012 Other Promissory Note/Collections Case	2., 5., 6. 2., 5.
Insurance Coverage (18)	A6015 Insurance Coverage (not complex)	1., 2., 5., 8.
Other Contract (37)	A6009 Contractual Fraud  A6031 Tortious Interference  A6027 Other Contract Dispute(not breach/insurance/fraud/negligence)	1., 2., 3., 5. 1., 2., 3., 5. 1., 2., 3., 8.
Eminent Doma Minverse Condemnation (14)	A7300 Eminent Domain/Condemnation Number of parcels	2.
Wrongful Eviction (33)	☐ A6023 Wrongful Eviction Case	2., 6.
Other Real Property (26)	☐ A6018 Mortgage Foreclosure ☐ A6032 Quiet Title ☐ A6080 Other Real Property (not eminent domain, landlord/lenant, foreclosure)	2., 6. 2., 6. 2., 6.
Unlawful Detainer-Commercial	☐ A6021 Unlawful Detainer-Commercial (not drugs or wrongful eviction)	2., 6.
(31) Unlawful Detainer-Residential (32)	☐ A6020 Unlawful Detainer-Residential (not drugs or wrongful eviction)	2., 6.
Unlawful Detainer- Post-Foreclosure (34)	☐ A6020F Unlawful Detainer-Post-Foreclosure	2., 6.
Unlawful Detainer-Drugs (38)	☐ A6022 Unlawful Detainer-Drugs	2., 6.

вноят тітье: Micalah Tafai v. Kaiser Foundation Health Plan, Inc., et als.	CASE NUMBER
Micaian Tatal V. Kaiser Foundation Health Plan, Inc., et als.	

A CVI Case Cove Sheetal		B	Applicable Reasons : Sec Sec 3 Above
Asset Forfeiture (05)			2., 6.
Petition re Arbitration (11)	□ A	8115 Petition to Compel/Confirm/Vacate Arbitration	2., 5.
Writ of Mandate (02)	□ A	6152 Writ - Mandamus on Limited Court Case Matter	2., 8. 2. 2.
Other Judicial Review (39)	ΠA	8150 Other Writ /Judicial Review	2., 8.
Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03)	□ A	6003 Antitrust/Trade Regulation	1., 2., 8.
Construction Defect (10)	□ A	6007 Construction Defect	1., 2., 3.
Claims Involving Mass Tort (40)	□ A	6006 Claims Involving Mass Tort	1., 2., 8.
Securities Litigation (28)	□ A	6035 Securities Litigation Case	1., 2., 8.
Toxic Tort Environmental (30)	□ A	6036 Toxic Tort/Environmental	1., 2., 3., 8.
Insurance Coverage Claims from Complex Case (41)	□ A	6014 Insurance Coverage/Subregation (complex case only)	1., 2., 5., 8.
Enforcement of Judgment (20)		.6160 Abstract of Judgment .6107 Confession of Judgment (non-domestic relations) .6140 Admirietrative Agency Award (not unpaid taxes) .6141 Pelition/Certificate for Entry of Judgment on Unpaid Tax	2., 9. 2., 6. 2., 9. 2., 8. 2., 8. 2., 8.
RICO (27)	22	A6033 Racketeering (RICO) Case	1., 2., 8.
Other Complaints (Not Specified Above) (42)	0 /	A6040 Injunctive Relief Only (not domestic/narassment) A6011 Other Commercial Complaint Case (non-tort/non-complex)	1., 2., 8. 2., 8. 1., 2., 6. 1., 2., 8.
Partnership Corporation Governance (21)	0 /	A8113 Partnership and Corporate Governance Case	2., 8.
Other Petitions (Not Specified Above) (43)		A6123 Workplace Harassment A6124 Eider/Dependent Adult Abuse Case A6190 Election Contest A6110 Pelition for Change of Name A6170 Pelition for Relief from Late Claim Law	2., 3., 9. 2., 3., 9. 2., 3., 9. 2. 2., 7. 2., 3., 4., 8. 2., 9.
	Asset Forfeiture (05)  Petition re Arbitration (11)  Writ of Mandate (02)  Other Judicial Review (39)  Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03)  Construction Defect (10)  Claims Involving Mass Tort (40)  Securities Litigation (28)  Toxic Tort Environmental (30)  Insurance Coverage Claims from Complex Case (41)  Enforcement of Judgment (20)  RICO (27)  Other Complaints (Not Specified Above) (42)  Partnership Corporation Governance (21)	Asset Forfeiture (05)  Petition re Arbitration (11)  Writ of Mandate (02)  A  Other Judicial Review (39)  Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03)  Construction Defect (10)  Claims Involving Mass Tort (40)  Securities Litigation (28)  Toxic Tort Environmental (30)  Insurance Coverage Claims from Complex Case (41)  Enforcement of Judgment (20)  A  RICO (27)  Other Complaints (Not Specified Above) (42)  Partnership Corporation Governance (21)	Asset Forfeiture (05)

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AND STATEMENT OF LOCATION

LASC Approved 03-04

Page 4 of 4

 Other parties to the action or processing.
 Unless this is a collections case under rule 3.740 or a complex case, this cover sheet will be used for statistical purposes only. Form Adopted for Mandatory Use Voludicial Council of California CM-010 [Rev. July 1, 2007]

Other parties to the action or proceeding.

**CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET** 

if this case is complex under rule 3,400 et seq. of the California Rules of Court, you must serve a copy of this cover sheet on all

• File this cover sheet in addition to any cover sheet required by local court rule.

Cal. Rules of Court, rules 2.30, 3.220, 3.400-3.403, 3.740; Cal. Standards of Judicial Administration, std. 3.10

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#### INSTRUCTIONS ON HOW TO COMPLETE THE COVER SHEET

To Plaintiffs and Others Filing First Papers. If you are filing a first paper (for example, a complaint) in a civil case, you must complete and file, along with your first paper, the Civil Case Cover Sheet contained on page 1. This information will be used to compile statistics about the types and numbers of cases filed. You must complete Items 1 through 6 on the sheet. In Item 1, you must check one box for the case type that best describes the case. If the case fits both a general and a more specific type of case listed in item 1, check the more specific one. If the case has multiple causes of action, check the box that best indicates the primary cause of action. To assist you in completing the sheet, examples of the cases that belong under each case type in item 1 are provided below. A cover sheet must be filed only with your initial paper. Failure to file a cover sheet with the first paper filed in a civil case may subject a party, its counsel, or both to sanctions under rules 2.30 and 3.220 of the California Rules of Court.

To Parties in Rule 3.740 Collections Cases. A "collections case" under rule 3.740 is defined as an action for recovery of money owed in a sum stated to be certain that is not more than \$25,000, exclusive of interest and attorney's fees, arising from a transaction in which property, services, or money was acquired on credit. A collections case does not include an action seeking the following: (1) tort damages, (2) punitive damages, (3) recovery of real property, (4) recovery of personal property, or (5) a prejudgment writ of attachment. The identification of a case as a rule 3.740 collections case on this form means that it will be exempt from the general time-for-service requirements and case management rules, unless a defendant files a responsive pleading. A rule 3.740 collections case will be subject to the requirements for service and obtaining a judgment in rule 3.740.

To Parties in Complex Cases. In complex cases only, parties must also use the Civil Case Cover Sheet to designate whether the case is complex. If a plaintiff believes the case is complex under rule 3.400 of the California Rules of Court this must be indicated by completing the appropriate boxes in items 1 and 2. If a plaintiff designates a case as complex, the cover sheet must be served with the complaint on all parties to the action. A defendant may file and serve no later than the time of its flight appearance a joinder in the plaintiff's designation, a counter-designation that the case is not complex, or, if the plaintiff has made no designation, a designation that the case is complex.

**Auto Tort** Auto (22)-Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death Uninsured Molorist (46) (if the case involves an uninsured motorist claim subject to erbitration, check this item instead of Auto)

Other PI/PD/WD (Personal Injury/ Property Damage/Wrongful Death) Tort

Asbestos (04)

Asbestos Property Damage Asbestos Personal Injury/ Wrongful Death Product Liability (not asbestos or loxic/environmental) (24) Medical Malpractice (45)

Medical Malpractice-Physicians & Surgeons Other Professional Health Care

Malpractice Other PI/PD/WD (23)

Premises Liability (e.g., slip and fall)

Intentional Bodily Injury/PD/WD (e.g., assault, vandalism Intentional infliction of

Emotional Distress Negligent Infliction of

**Emotional Distress** Other PI/PD/NO

Non-PI/PD/WD (Other) Tort

Business Tort/Unitair Business Practice (07)

Civil Rights (e.g., discrimination, false arrest) (not civil

harassment) (08)

Defamation (e.g., slander, libel) (13)

Fraud (16)

Intellectual Property (19) Professional Negligence (25)

Legal Malpractice
Other Professional Malpractice (not medical or legal)

Other Non-PI/PD/WD Tort (35) Employment

Wrongful Termination (36) Other Employment (15)

CASE TYPES AND EXAMPLES

Contract Breach of Contract/Warranty (06)

Breach of Rental/Lease Contract (not unlawful detainer

or wrongful eviction) Contract/Warranty Breach-Seller

Plaintiff (not fraud or negligence) Negligent Breach of Contract

Warranty
Other Breach of Contract/Warranty

Collections (e.g., money owed, open book accounts) (09)

Collection Case—Seller Plaintiff
Other Promissory Note/Collections

Insurance Coverage (not provisionally complex) (//8)

Auto Subrogation

Other Coverage Other Contract (37)

Contractual Fraud Other Contract Dispute

Real Property

Eminent Domain/Inverse Condemnation (14)

Wrongful Eviction (33)

Other Real Property (e.g., quiet title) (26) Writ of Possession of Real Property Mortgage Foreclosure

Quiet Title

Other Real Property (not eminent domain, landlord/tenant, or

foreclosure)

Unlawful Detainer

Commercial (31)

Residential (32)

Drugs (38) (if the case involves illegal drugs, check this item; otherwise. report as Commercial or Residential)

**Judicial Review** 

Asset Forfelture (05)

Petition Re: Arbitration Award (11)

Writ of Mandate (02)

Writ-Administrative Mandamus Writ-Mandemus on Limited Court

Case Matter

Writ-Other Limited Court Case

Review

Other Judicial Review (39)
Review of Health Officer Order Notice of Appeal-Labor Commissioner Appeals

Provisionally Complex Civil Litigation (Cal. Rules of Court Rules 3,400-3,403)

Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03) Construction Defact (10)
Claims Involving Mass Tort (40) Securities Litigation (28)

Environmental/Toxic Tort (30) Insurance Coverage Claims

(arising from provisionally complex

case type listed above) (41) **Enforcement of Judgment** 

Enforcement of Judgment (20)

Abstract of Judgment (Out of County)

Confession of Judgment (nondomestic relations)

Sister State Judgment Administrative Agency Award (not unpaid taxes)

Petilion/Certification of Entry of Judgment on Unpaid Taxes Other Enforcement of Judgment Case

Miscellaneous Civil Complaint **RICO (27)** 

Other Complaint (not specified above) (42)

Declaratory Relief Only Injunctive Relief Only (non-

harassment) Mechanics Lien

Other Commercial Complaint

Case (non-tort/non-complex) Other Civil Complaint

(non-tort/non-complex) Miscellaneous Civil Petition

Partnership and Corporate

Governance (21) Other Petition (not specified

above) (43) Civil Harassment

Workplace Violence Elder/Dependent Adult Abuse

**Election Contest** Petition for Name Change

Petition for Relief From Late Claim

Other Civil Petition

Micaiah Tafai v. Kaiser Foundation Health Plan, Inc., et als.

CASE NUMBER

BC507944

#### **CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ADDENDUM AND** STATEMENT OF LOCATION (CERTIFICATE OF GROUNDS FOR ASSIGNMENT TO COURTHOUSE LOCATION)

This form is required pursuant to Local Rule 2.0 in all new civil case filings in the Los Angeles Superior Court.
Item I. Check the types of hearing and fill in the estimated length of hearing expected for this case:
JURY TRIAL? MYES CLASS ACTION? TYES LIMITED CASE? THE ESTIMATED FOR TRIAL 8 THOURS! DAYS
Item II. Indicate the correct district and courthouse location (4 steps – If you checked "Limited Case", skip to Item III, Pg. 4):
Step 1: After first completing the Civil Case Cover Sheet form, find the main Civil Case Cover Sheet heading for your case in the left margin below, and, to the right in Column A, the Civil Case Cover Sheet case type you selected.
Step 2: Check one Superior Court type of action in Column B below which post describes the nature of this case.
Step 3: In Column C, circle the reason for the court location choice that applies to the type of action you have checked. For any exception to the court location, see Local Rule 2.0.
Applicable Reasons for Choosing Courthouse Location (see Column C below)
1. Class actions must be filed in the Stanley Mosk Courthouse, central district. 2. May be filed in central (other county, or no bodily injury/property demand). 3. Location where cause of action arcse. 4. Location where bodily injury, death or damage occurred. 5. Location where performance required or defendant resides. 6. Location of property or permanently garaged vehicle. 7. Location where petitioner resides. 8. Location where petitioner resides. 9. Location where one or more of the parties reside. 10. Location of Labor Commissioner Office

Step 4: Fill in the information requested on page in Item III; complete Item IV. Sign the declaration.

	A Transpel Culcase Coverspeel	By converse (Checkronyone)	Applicable Reasons :
Auto Tort	Auto (22)	A7100 Motor Vehicle - Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death	1., 2., 4.
₹	Uninsured Motorist (46)	□ A7110 Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death - Uninsured Motorist	1., 2., 4.
₽t	Asbestos (04)	□ A6070 Asbestos Property Damage □ A7221 Asbestos - Personal Injury/Wrongful Death	<b>2.</b> 2.
Prope ath To	Product Liability (24)	□ A7260 Product Liability (not asbestos or toxic/environmental)	1., 2., 3., 4., 8.
ial Injuryf ongful De	Medical Malpractice (45)	□ A7210 Medical Malpractice - Physicians & Surgeons □ A7240 Other Professional Health Care Malpractice	1., 4. 1., 4.
ි උ Other Personal Injury (Property Damagel Wrongful Death Tort	Other Personal Injury Property Damage Wrongful Death (23)	<ul> <li>□ A7250 Premises Liability (e.g., slip and fail)</li> <li>□ A7230 Intentional Bodily Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death (e.g., assault, vandalism, etc.)</li> <li>□ A7270 Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress</li> <li>□ A7220 Other Personal Injury/Property Damage/Wrongful Death</li> </ul>	1., 4. 1., 4. 1., 3. 1., 4.

LAÇIV 109 (Rev. 03/11) LASC Approved 03-04

CIVIL CASE COVER SHEET ADDENDUM AND STATEMENT OF LOCATION

Local Rule 2.0

Page 1 of 4

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Micaiah Tafai v. Kaiser Foundation Health Plan, Inc., et als.

CASE NUMBER

Non-Personal Injury/ Property Damage/ Wrongful Death Tort

HIGW COLESCO INSTRUMENT	122 BC 3 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Apptoeble Reasons.
Business Tort (07)	□ A6029 Other Commercial/Business Tort (not fraud/breach of contract)	1., 3.
Civil Rights (08)	□ A6005 Civil Rights/Discrimination	1., 2., 3.
Defamation (13)	□ A6010 Defamation (slander/libel)	1., 2., 3.
Fraud (16)	☐ A6013 Fraud (no contract)	1., 2., 3.
Professional Negligence (25)	☐ A6017 Legal Malpractice . ☐ A6050 Other Professional Malpractice (not medical or legal)	1., 2., 3. 1., 2., 3.
Other (35)	☐ A6025 Other Non-Personal injury/Property Damage tort	2.,3.
Wrongful Termination (36)	A6037 Wrongful Termination	1., 2., 3.
Other Employment (15)	A6024 Other Employment Complaint Case     A6109 Labor Commissioner Appeals	1., 2., 3. 10.
Breach of Contract/ Warranty (06) (not insurance)	□ A6004 Breach of Rental/Lease Contract (not unlawful detainer or wrongful eviction) □ A6008 Contract/Warranty Breach Seller Plaintiff (no fraud/negligence) □ A6018 Negligent Breach of Contract/Warranty (no fraud) □ A6028 Other Breach of Contract/Warranty (not fraud or negligence)	2., 5. 2., 5. 1., 2., 5. 1., 2., 5.
Collections (09)	A6002 Collections Case-Seller Plaintiff  A6012 Other Promissory Note/Collections Case	2., 5., 6. 2., 5.
Insurance Coverage (18)	☐ A6015 Insurance Coverage (not complex)	1., 2., 5., 8.
Other Contract (37)	A6009 Contractual Fraud  A6031 Tortious Interference  A6027 Other Contract Dispute(not breach/insurance/fraud/negligence)	1., 2., 3., 5. 1., 2., 3., 5. 1., 2., 3., 8.
Eminent Domein/Inverse Condemnetion (14)	□ A7300 Eminent Domain/Condemnation Number of parcels	2.
Wrangful Eviction (33)	□ A6023 Wrongful Eviction Case	2., 6.
Other Real Property (26)	□ A6018 Mortgage Foreclosure □ A6032 Quiet Title □ A6060 Other Real Property (not eminent domain, landlord/tenant, foreclosure)	2., 6. 2., 6. 2., 6.
Unlawful Detainer-Commercial (31)	☐ A6021 Unlawful Detainer-Commercial (not drugs or wrongful eviction)	2., 6.
Unlawful Detainer-Residential (32)	☐ A6020 Unlawful Detainer-Residential (not drugs or wrongful eviction)	2., 6.
Unlawful Detainer- Post-Foreclosure (34)	☐ A6020F Unlawful Detainer-Post-Foreclosure	2., 6.
Unlawful Detainer-Drugs (38)	☐ A6022 Unlawful Detainer-Drugs	2., 6.

BHORT TITLE:	CASE NUMBER' .
Micalah Tafai v. Kaiser Foundation Health Plan, Inc.,	et als.

	Civi Case Cover Sheet	ilype or Agriculture (Chackonikore)	Applicable Reasons See Step 3/Above
	Asset Forfellure (05)	☐ A6108 Asset Forfeiture Case	2., 6.
æ.	Petition re Arbitration (11)	☐ A6115 Petition to Compel/Confirm/Vacate Arbitration	2., 5.
Judicial Review	Writ of Mandate (02)	□ A6151 Writ - Administrative Mandamus □ A6152 Writ - Mandamus on Limited Court Case Matter □ A6153 Writ - Other Limited Court Case Review	2., 8. 2. 2.
	Other Judicial Review (39)	□ A6150 Other Writ / Judicial Review	2., 8.
uo	Antitrust/Trade Regulation (03)	□ A6003 Antitrust/Trade Regulation	1., 2., 8.
itigati	Construction Defect (10)	□ A6007 Construction Defect	1., 2., 3.
Provisionally Complex Litigation	Claims Involving Mass Tort (40)	☐ A6006 Claims involving Mass Tort	1., 2., 8.
Ş ≱	Securitles Litigation (28)	☐ A6035 Securities Litigation Case	1., 2., 8.
risional	Toxic Tort Environmental (30)	☐ A6036 Toxic Tort/Environmental	1., 2., 3., 8.
₽ Ø	Insurance Coverage Claims from Complex Case (41)	☐ A6014 Insurance Coverage/Subrogation (complex case only)	1., 2., 5., 8.
Enforcement of Judgment	Enforcement of Judgment (20)	□ A6141 Sister State Judgment □ A6160 Abstract of Judgment □ A6107 Confession of Judgment (non-domestic relations) □ A6140 Administrative Agency Award (not unpaid taxes) □ A6114 Patition/Certificate for Entry of Judgment on Unpaid Tax □ A6112 Other Enforcement of Judgment Case	2., 9. 2., 6. 2., 9. 2., 8. 2., 8. 2., 8.
sa	RICO (27)	☐ À6033 .Racketeering (RICO) Case	1., 2., 8.
Miscellaneous Civil Complaints	Other Completels (Not Specified Above) (42)	□ A6030 Declaratory Relief Only     □ A6040 Injunctive Relief Only (not domestic/harassment)     □ A6011 Other Commercial Complaint Case (non-tort/non-complex)     □ A6000 Other Civil Complaint (non-tort/non-complex)	1., 2., 8. 2., 8. 1., 2., 8. 1., 2., 8.
	Partnership Corporation Governance (21)	☐ A6113 Partnership and Corporate Governance Case	2., 8.
C / S Wiscellaneous	Other Petitions (Not Specified Above) (43)	□ A6121 Civil Harassment □ A6123 Workplace Harassment □ A6124 Elder/Dependent Adult Abuse Case □ A6190 Election Contest □ A6110 Petition for Change of Name □ A6170 Petition for Relief from Late Claim Law □ A6100 Other Civil Petition	2., 3., 9. 2., 3., 9. 2., 3., 9. 2. 2., 7. 2., 3., 4., 8. 2., 9.

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03/1	Case Cover Sheet/A	Addendum	and Statemer	nt of Location form, LACIV 109, LAS	SC Approved 03-04 (Rev.
5. Pay	ment in full of the filin	ig fee, unle	ess fees have	been waived.	
6. Asig	gned order appointing or under 18 years of a	g the Guard age will be	dian ad Litem, required by C	Judicial Council form CIV-010, if the Court in order to issue a summons	e plaintiff or petitioner is a
7. Add mus	itional copies of docu at be served along wil	uments to I th the sum	be conformed mons and cor	by the Clerk. Copies of the cover supplaint, or other initiating pleading in	sheet and this addendum n the case.
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